

ELEVENTH  
YEAR

No. 50

# SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD

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NO.

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A JOURNAL OF THE COMING CIVILIZATION

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## VOTING THEIR SHEEP—PARTICULARLY THEIR EWES!

By Victor L. Berger.

FOR the first time in the history of the Social-Democratic party we have actually carried the city of Milwaukee. True, it was only a by-election. Only an election to fill a vacancy for an alderman-at-large. Only an election for two judges. Only an election to elect six members on the school board—and this latter was non-partisan.

However, the fact remains, that we carried the city for an alderman-at-large on the Social-Democratic ticket, and that we elected two members of the school board. These, while they ran on a non-partisan ticket, had been selected by the referendum of the membership of the Social-Democracy and by their very names made it plain enough that they were Social-Democrats.

For one of the comrades so selected is Mrs. Meta Berger, wife of Victor L. Berger.

And the other is the well-known editor of this paper, Frederic Heath.

Nor were Milwaukee capitalist papers slow in making the identity of the Social-Democratic candidates known. For over two weeks before election almost all the papers of Milwaukee pointed out the fact that the Social-Democrats of Milwaukee had nominated a "partisan ticket" for the school board. And a few days before election these papers even issued a sort of a "riot call."

That our six candidates were on the ballot without any party designation or any other mark that would distinguish them from the other eighteen candidates, counted for naught in these capitalist papers.

No sir! They did not consider these nominations "non-partisan" for a moment.

In fact, the *Sentinel*, in an editorial, declared our "non-partisan-ship" rank sophistry.

And to please our friends of the *Sentinel* we will admit without any further parley that this "non-partisan-ship" was not of our seeking, nor of our liking.

We simply obeyed the law.

However, our Milwaukee daily press seemed to be united on one point—that a Social-Democrat can never be non-partisan.

Also that he is dangerous when he is wearing his true colors, and twice so when he is wearing no colors.

We are simply terrible.

And therefore the all-day and the all-night *Sentinel*, and the before midnight and after midnight *Free Press*—and even the old *Auntie Wisconsin* and the German *Germania* and *Herold*—solemnly warned the people that the Social-Democrats had barefacedly set out to capture the school board. And that awful things were going to happen should they succeed.

That the Social-Democrats are the warmest friends and the most fearless defenders of the public schools—that they had always proven themselves to be such, particularly so in this last fight—all this our dailies did not seem to consider.

Nor did they consider that it is one of our cardinal principles that there is no hope for Social-Democracy, or for any other development in our republic without efficient public schools and general education and enlightenment for the masses.

But these things got so much more consideration in another quarter.

In all or nearly all of the Roman-Catholic churches in Milwaukee—and there are many of them—there was an Anti-Socialist ticket given out on the Sunday before election. In some instances the congregation found the Anti-Socialist Citizens' ticket distributed over the pews of the church. In other cases they were handed out at the church vestibule or at the school hall, or at the church door.

But in almost every case the priest took special pains to call the attention of the women to the fact that they could vote on the school election. And he told them that it was their duty toward God and

their church to go out and vote together with their husbands and friends for that Anti-Socialist ticket.

And did these women vote? We should say so! Although they have absolutely no other interest in the public schools than to wish them destroyed because they are by them considered "Godless and immoral,"—these women came out almost 5,000 strong.

And it was mainly the Irish and the German Catholic women who thus voted. The Polish women, for certain reasons which we do not wish to explain, could not be trusted with the difficult task of voting this time, but they will be trained in the future.

But the Irish and German women worked faithfully. In one of the precincts of the Eleventh ward (mainly German) no less than 150 women voted against us. In another precinct of the same ward (also German) about 140 women; in a precinct of the Sixteenth ward (Irish) there were also about 140 women voting against us. In one precinct of the Seventeenth ward (mainly Irish) about 100 women voted the "Anti-Socialist Citizens' Ticket."

How do we know this? Well, women had to be registered on a separate sheet, and these Roman mothers came in crowds with the same Anti-Socialist Citizens' tickets in their hands, and asked the inspectors for assistance.

Nor was the Holy Church very choice, or even careful, in picking the material for that Anti-Socialist ticket.

It was anything to beat the Socialists.

Besides putting on their ticket men like Keogh, and Gaffney, and Jenkins, simply because their names seem to indicate that they are Catholics, they also put on their ticket a photographer by the name of R. J. Miller, who was expelled from our party about seven years ago, and who neither in business nor in private life could bear close inspection.

Then there was also on that anti-Socialist ticket the name of Mrs. C. B. Whitnall, a club-woman, and a lady of high standing in the community—no doubt in order to lend respectability to the ticket.

However, the good priests or politicians who made up this Anti-Socialist ticket did not know that Mrs. C. B. Whitnall has applied for membership in our party and that her application has simply been kept on file over election in order to avoid even the appearance that she had joined the party (of which her husband has been a member for the past dozen years) in order to gain Socialist votes.

Truly, this shows that the Roman Catholic politicians didn't care what they were doing, as long as they could imagine that they were knocking the Socialists.

"The end justifies the means," said St. Ignatius Loyola, the founder of the Jesuit order.

And the same tactics prevailed in the aldermanic and the judicial election.

Joseph Donnelly, a prominent candidate for the office of county judge, continuously advertised in the daily papers what a terrible disaster it would be for the people to have a Social-Democratic county judge. He sent out innumerable circulars with a story to the same effect, signed by prominent Roman Catholics, pointing to the church as the "bulwark against Socialism." And it is stated by good authority that the very same Donnelly has not been inside of a church for twenty years.

And the Democratic candidate for alderman-at-large, Mr. John Schneider, played the same string on his harp. The presidents of all the Roman Catholic societies sent a signed letter to the members of that church—which was mailed so as to reach them just on election day. In this letter the "dangers" of a Socialist victory were described and their religious duty to vote for the church and for Schneider very vividly explained.

The Dave Rose machine and the saloons were supposed to do the rest.

However, in spite of it all, Emil Seidel, the Social-Democratic candidate, carried the city.

But enough of that.

We are not quite satisfied with the outcome of the election. While this election day was not a holiday, and most of our people went to work—and while it rained hard between 6 and 8 a.m. and poured fearfully between 5:30 and 7 p.m., just at the time when working people who work are supposed to go to the polls—and while we made little or

## Milwaukee Goes Social-Democratic Emil Seidel Elected Alderman at Large! Two More Members of the School Board!

### Bad Defeat for Mayor Rose's Anti-Public School Policy. Socialists Celebrate.



**EMIL SEIDEL**  
Elected Alderman-at-Large in Milwaukee Election.

no campaign—all of this cannot be an excuse for the very small Social-Democratic vote that came out last Tuesday.

However, we carried the city for the first time in our history. And that is a very good omen for our next municipal election.

Victor L. Berger

#### ELECTED

**EMIL SEIDEL**, Alderman-at-Large  
**MRS. VICTOR L. BERGER**, School Director.  
**FREDERIC HEATH**, School Director.

#### ALDERMAN AT LARGE.

Seidel, S.-D., 8,555; Schneider, Dem., 7,576; Meisenheimer, Rep., 6,625; Bechtner, Ind. Rep., 1,070.  
Seidel's plurality, 979.

#### CIRCUIT JUDGE, Branch 3.

Kleat, S.-D. 6,326; Williams, 8,933; Fairchild, 7,305.

#### Williams' plurality, 1,628.

#### COUNTY JUDGE, Branch 1.

Huebschmann, S.-D. 6,195; Sheridan, 7,701; Donnelly, 5,616; Henning, 4,719; Kreutzer, 1,981; Lachbvre, 519.

#### Sheridan's plurality, 1,505.

#### SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

Full term—Keogh, 9,784; Mrs. Whitnall, 8,332; Mrs. Berger, S.-D., 6,699; Augustyn, 6,340; Heath, S.-D., 6,334; Starkey, 6,180; Gaffney, 5,840; Miss Thomas, S.-D., 5,869; Churchill, S.-D., 5,782; Tschan, 5,592; Miller, Jenkins, 4,585; Schwab, S.-D., 4,481; Crawford, 3,830; Richardson, 3,551; McGinn, 3,085; Kliebe, 2,509; Klingelhoefer, 2,112; Lachenmaier, 1,670; Comstock, 1,220.

Elected—Keogh, Mrs. Whitnall, Mrs. Berger, Heath, Augustyn.

Unexpired term—Aarons, 10,512; Brown, 5,647; Schade, 1,526; Tupper, 616. Aarons' plurality, 4,865.

Elected—Aarons.

For the first time in the history of the city, Milwaukee was carried by the Social-Democrats in Tuesday's election. Emil Seidel, our candidate for the vacant position of alderman-at-large, was elected by the good, big plurality of nearly a thousand votes, over John M. Schneider, Rose Democrat and enemy of the public schools, while the much-vaunted regular Republican candidate, Adam Meisenheimer, former president of the council, came in third, and an independent

(Continued on page 4.)

## The Herald's Great Building Project Proves to be an Instantaneous Winner.--More About It.

CONSIDERABLY over fifty per cent of the capital stock of \$15,000.00 of the People's Realty Company having been taken, subscribers are hereby notified that first payments are now due. If you subscribed on the cash plan the full amount should be remitted at once. If you took stock on the installment plan the first payment is due and should be made immediately. Under the laws of Wisconsin, before a corporation can apply for a charter, fifty per cent of the stock must be subscribed and twenty per cent paid in. As the first condition is met with, we shall now have to comply with the second. As soon as three thousand dollars are paid in the first meeting of the People's Realty Company will be held.

As over one-half the stock is gone, future subscribers who chose the time payment plan will please accompany their subscription with the first payment, or twenty-five per cent of the total. Those wishing to pay cash will kindly remit total amount subscribed. This will expedite matters and hasten the day when the organization can be completed. It will also help meet the next installment due on the

purchase price of the lot, which is \$2,000.00. This must be paid in a few days. Anyone contemplating the purchase of stock can help the project by doing so at once without delay.

Since our announcement last week nearly a thousand dollars worth of stock has been purchased and asked for. Altogether the total purchased and promised amounts to over nine thousand dollars. Besides, dozens of comrades have spoken about investing and are now considering the matter. Quite a number of unions are interested, and one of them is reported as considering the investment of \$2,000.00. Another union will probably come in with \$1,000.00. Several smaller unions are talking of taking from \$200.00 to \$500.00. All in all the situation is bright and promising.

Despite this being a project involving for site and building about \$50,000.00, and the biggest thing ever tackled by the Milwaukee movement, rapid strides are being made. At the rate we are going the whole of the \$15,000.00 of stock will be taken in a few weeks. So don't delay sending in your subscription. The balance neces-

sary for the building will be raised by a mortgage through the sale of bonds.

There is really no wonder that this thing is moving as swift as it is. We have just made further inquiries regarding the rent charged in this district. About a dozen different buildings and locations were looked into, and in all cases it was found that the rent averaged from three cents to over five cents per square foot per month. Estimating that the proposed new site and building will cost from \$45,000.00 to \$50,000.00, an income of \$600.00 per month, or \$7,200.00 a year will pay for all running expenses, such as repairs, taxes, towel and janitor services, hot and cold water, heat, insurance, light for the halls, renovating, bookkeeping, etc., etc. It will also cover five per cent interest on the mortgage of from thirty to thirty-five thousand dollars, six per cent on the stock of fifteen thousand dollars, allow a yearly payment of one thousand dollars on the mortgage, provide for reasonable losses on rent, and leave a surplus of about a thousand dollars besides. And the \$600.00 income per month is only an average of a little over two cents per square foot per month. It certainly pays to play the role of landlord.

Of course, the Herald Publishing Company is promoting this building, not to give anyone a chance to make money, but to provide it and the labor movement with a home. The movement is constantly expanding, the *HERALD* is growing, and the labor unions are becoming stronger and stronger. Our object, and our only object, is to get our own home. Our present quarters are overcrowded, and we want and must have more room. And while we are going to move we want to make sure to provide sufficient room for years to come. Therefore, while the building will be only three stories high for the present, the foundation will be built strong enough for eight stories. It will also be so arranged that a daily paper can be published. Our job printing department also is overcrowded and needs more space. The Social-Democratic party is growing and will require more room.

So you see our concern is simply to procure a home with provisions for future growth. But to investors the project offers not only an excellent six per cent prospect,

but from all appearances the stock will rise in value. The site is in the down town business district, and its value is constantly going up.

At considerably below the rates of rent prevailing in the neighborhood the income is great enough to pay all expenses and also for the building in thirty years. This, with the fact that the land is continually rising, ought to make the stock worth nearly three times its par value in thirty years. In other words, the mortgage to be given now to raise the money for the building, being paid off at the rate of about \$1,000.00 a year, will leave the property free from debt in thirty years. Therefore the People's Realty Company will have both the lot and building at that time. The rise in the value of the land will undoubtedly offset the depreciation of the building. As an investment nothing better or safer could be offered.

Even with such excellent prospects investors do not necessarily tie up their money beyond their reach. This stock will be so valuable that you can very easily find a purchaser should you be suddenly pinched for money in the future. Not only that, but the Realty company pledges itself to help you find

a purchaser should it become necessary.

Unlike other stock companies where returns—dividends—are never forthcoming until an income from the business is established, arrangements have been made to pay four per cent interest during the time that the building is being erected. This four per cent will not be paid out of the money paid in for the capital stock, as some have seemed to think. It will be paid by the Herald Publishing Company, which has undertaken to pay all legitimate promotion expenses. To pay the promotion expenses donations from all such as wish to help the movement own its own home will be received. There are many who desire to help, but can not afford to purchase a share of stock for \$25.00. But no donations will be received or accepted for this purpose now. For the present we only want to dispose of the stock. It is going rapidly. And why shouldn't it? Money invested in this enterprise is safe—yes, as safe as any investment can be made under present conditions. Why then should anyone leave money in the banks, drawing only 2 1/2 or 3 per cent interest? Here's your

chance to get four per cent while the building is being constructed, and very likely six per cent or more after that.

Still, while we are boosting this project, our readers and friends must not forget that there are other activities that must not be overlooked. In fact, the new building should not detract one iota from meeting the big deficit left over from the spring and fall campaigns. It is strictly only to such looking for a fine investment that we are now appealing to. Remember, the Social-Democratic party is still deeply in debt. Leave no stone unturned to clear this off immediately. There will soon be another campaign and not a single penny of debt must be left by that time.

Therefore, comrades, do your duty. Make your donations to the party at once! This will help the propaganda of Socialism and will wipe out the debt! Do not overlook this and don't put it off. Take a swipe at the debt! Hit it hard! Give it a knock-out blow!

Help one or the other if you can. Both is better still. Send your donations for the deficit to A. J. Welch. Send the stock subscription to H. W. Bistorius. Here are the blanks.

Cash Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000.00 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each.

To H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the proposed "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, for which find enclosed..... The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1911, and January 1, 1912.

No. of Shares..... Subscriber.....  
Amount..... Address.....

To A. J. Welch, Secretary Milwaukee County Campaign Committee, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis.

Find enclosed \$....., which please apply to Spring Campaign Fund, it being understood that the balance of said fund, if any, after all expenses of the campaign have been paid, is to be applied to the fall campaign deficit.

Name..... Address.....

Cash Payment Plan—Stock Subscription—People's Realty Company—Capital Stock \$15,000.00 Unassessable Shares at \$25 each.

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I, the undersigned, hereby subscribe for the number of unassessable shares of the par value of \$25.00 each, of the capital stock of the proposed "People's Realty Company," of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, set opposite my signature, and I agree to pay to H. W. Bistorius, Secretary-Treasurer, Promotion Committee, for each share so subscribed the sum of twenty-five dollars in four installments of twenty-five per cent each, due and payable on the first day of each quarter. Enclosed herewith find..... for the first installment. I agree to pay the balance every three months thereafter as above enumerated. The subscriber is to receive four (4) per cent interest per year from date of payment in full of this subscription and including December 31, 1910, and payable July 1, 1911, and January 1, 1912.

No. of Shares..... Subscriber.....  
Amount..... Address.....



## ROOSEVELT AND SOCIAL-DEMOCRACY

NON-SOCIALISTS ALSO DISAPPROVE OF HIS OUTBURST.

A Sample of the Reception Given Teddy's Rabid Misrepresentations on the Part of the Fair-Minded Part of the Non-Socialist Press.

The Public: We had supposed that our general characterization of Mr. Roosevelt's ignorant attack upon Socialism and his indecent aspersion of Socialists would need no elaboration. (One need not be a Socialist to appreciate the justice of such a characterization, without further statement or argument. All he needs is enough knowledge of the subject to warrant him in having an opinion upon it. We hold no brief for "scientific," or orthodox, or party Socialism; but we flatter ourselves that we can consider what it has to offer, and also look into the face of its advocates, without either going into angry hysterics ourselves or into raptures over persons who happen to be affected in that way. There is no objection, however, to giving reasons for our characterization of Mr. Roosevelt's diatribe, and in order that their soundness as representative of Socialism may be above reproach, we shall quote from a pointed reply to Mr. Roosevelt by Joseph Medill Patterson, who is a Socialist out and out.

Mr. Patterson's full reply will be found in the *Chicago Record-Herald* of March 24. He responds to Mr. Roosevelt categorically, point by point. On Mr. Roosevelt's point that Socialists preach free love, he replies:

"They do—in this sense: That they believe woman should be economically independent, so that when the time comes for her to marry she may give herself to the man she loves, not sell herself, in married prostitution to the suitor with the most money."

To Mr. Roosevelt's point that Socialists advocate sexual promiscuity his reply is that—

"a very few Socialists have advocated such a thing. I do not know of a single one of the 40,000 members of the Socialist party in America who does advocate such a thing. There were two former members of the party who wrote a book in favor of sexual promiscuity, who were thereupon expelled from the party. This will be seen that the percentage of Socialists who advocate

sexual promiscuity is less than the percentage of plutocrats who practice it. Indeed, Socialists are intent upon the destruction of that particular situation which of all situations most conduces to such promiscuity—namely, the meeting of the girl who is poor, and very pretty and the man who is rich and very careless, because he knows he may count on much forgiveness because he is rich."

Mr. Patterson's answer to Mr. Roosevelt's point that "extreme Socialists hold that all wealth is produced by manual workers, that the entire product of labor should be handed over every day to the laborer, that wealth is criminal in itself," is this:

"They don't hold anything of the sort. What they do hold is that all wealth is produced by labor (manual and mental) and that no wealth is produced by merely owning a vacant lot and waiting for it to rise in value, or by cutting coupons from bonds. They do not believe that the entire product of labor should be handed over to labor every day. In fact, they are the very ones who advocate enormous masses of social capital, which is wealth withheld from distribution."

Mr. Roosevelt says that Socialists would "enthrone privilege in its crudest form" by allowing "each man to put into a common store what he can and take out what he needs." To this Mr. Patterson replies:

"A still cruder form of privilege might exist—namely, to allow some men to put into a common store nothing at all and to take out a thousand-fold. This still cruder form of privilege than any of which Mr. Roosevelt can conceive is the one which now exists in America and other civilized countries. To take a most conspicuous example of its working, it is the privilege which we allow to the present generation of Vanderbilts and Astors and Thaws—the privilege we are preparing to accord to future generations of Rockefellers and Carnegies and Coreys—unless something happens first."

Now everyone who is at all intelligent about Socialism, he advocate or opponent, knows that those statements by Mr. Patterson represent it truly, as to every one of the points he quotes from Mr. Roosevelt.

### DEVOTION TO COUNTRY.

The sympathy for oppressed peoples and the lively desire to support them in their battle for rights and independence, is one of the noblest traits of the Social-Democracy. The Social-Democracy cries to the rulers: Make the interests of the poor the task of your country's devotion, love the real supporters of the nation, and you will see that you have for the first time insured the safety and strength of your land. Social-Democracy is inspired by the thought of one common humanity. And herein it follows the Bible—the religious guide of the Christians.—Kutter.

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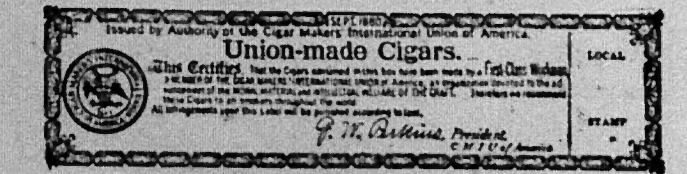
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BOOT AND SHOE WORKERS' UNION

JOHN P. TOBIN, President, 246 Summer Street, BOSTON, MASS.

CHARLES L. BAINE, Secretary-Treasurer, 100 N. W. 10th St., MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

## The Sociological Background of the Class Struggle

By ISADOR LADOFF.

"Move upward, working out the beast, And let the ape and tiger die!"

THE modern philosophy contemplates the world at large as the manifestation of extremely complex material phenomena dependent on immutable laws. It is necessary for the object of this essay to point out two of these immutable laws, namely: the law of conservation of matter and energy on one side, and the law of development on the other side. Briefly stated, these two fundamental natural laws may be expressed as follows:

Not a particle of matter in existence can ever be lost; not a particle of matter can ever be created. No energy can ever be lost or created. One combination of material particles may change into another combination of matter. One kind of energy may be transformed into another kind of energy. In these processes of change and transformation there is a pronounced tendency to complexity. This tendency to combine material particles or units into more and more complex aggregates is the law of development or evolution. In the inorganic world (cosmos) there seems to be only one factor of evolution—temperature. The higher the temperature of a star, the simpler is its state of matter. And vice-versa: the lower the temperature of a heavenly body, the more complex is its state of matter. Only comparatively could heavenly bodies, as our earth can, sustain the highest known complexity of matter called organic life.

As it ought to be expected, the laws of organic evolution are infinitely more complex than the laws of organic development. The most complex are the laws governing the evolution of human society. And yet the fundamental laws of social life are but the corollaries of the laws of conservation of matter and energy. The instinct of self-preservation is but a derivative of these laws. The most primitive social aggregate we meet in the herd of certain animals. The most rudimentary form of social life of human beings is the horde of savages. Indeed the human animal is the most weak and helpless creature physically, while it is superior intellectually to all other animals. And just this physical inferiority and mind superiority makes the "genus homo sapiens" to a social being par excellence. The human mind is the most important socializing factor. This is the reason why the socialization of humanity advances in direct proportion to the intellectual development of the race.

The biologic instinct of self-preservation was the motive of social life of the primitive savage. The distinction between instinct and mind is one of degree rather than of kind. The psychological factor gains ascendancy over the biological with the advance of civilization and culture. Even the animal herd is no organism, but an organization for the attainment of certain results. And human society is a conscious organization for the attainment of certain results. Human wills are social forces. Human minds are the directive and controlling agents of these forces. Social progress is, consequently, intellectual progress. The fundamental social unit is not the individual but the group of associated individuals, be it the horde, the family, the clan, the tribe, the people or the nation. The social group thinks for the individual. The source, the nature and scope of the mental life of the individual member of a social aggregate in which he was born and raised, is predetermined by the aggregate. Independent thinkers are rare, if they exist at all. The abstract man, living and thinking in absolute isolation from his fellow beings, may be the hero of an utopia. The normal man is but an infinitesimal link in the endless chain of humanity. In order to eliminate the unessential and accidental and concentrate our attention on the typical, generally important in social life and strife, we have to leave out the individual from consideration.

Moreover, the egotism of the individual is centrifugal, leading to variation from the type, while the social instinct is centripetal, conserving the type. The social egotism develops sympathy, consciousness of community of interests, group consciousness. And the latter, in its turn, leads to enhanced socialization into larger and larger groups. Finally "group consciousness," the consciousness of the solidarity of the interests of the entire human race, is being developed and the highest ideals of humanity clearly formulated. Group consciousness is the source of moral sense and sentiment. In the final analysis the actual or fancied interest of a certain social group is considered by the latter as moral and vice versa—any thoughts, sentiments and actions calculated to hurt the actual or fancied interests of that group are considered by the latter as immoral. Hence the relativity of moral conceptions in space and time. Individual morality is a contradiction in terms. The development of moral ideas and ideals, of ethics, is identical with the evolution of the consciousness of group interests.

Science proves the descent of the human race from many pairs, polygenesis. The "missing link" was therefore the father of many distinctly anthropological types of human or semi-human animals. Or there were many "missing links" if you choose. These heterogeneous hordes struggled with each other for existence when brought in contact with each other. The stronger conquered the weaker, and the result was by no means all evil. The contact of heterogeneous anthropological groups lead—to use Lester Ward's apt term—to the "cross-fertilization of civilization."

The first type of family life was strictly endogamic. The father was unknown. The mother was the head of the family and occupied an important social position. The next stage was the exogamic family. The woman was taken by force from some hostile tribe (the rape of the Sabines, for instance). She was turned into a slave of her male captor, into his property.

This was the origin of the man-family, the patriarchate, the subjection of women to men. At the lowest stage of civilization human labor had no value, and the male prisoners of war were killed. Only when men learned to domesticate animals and till the soil there was created a foundation for the institution of male slavery. As the ownership of land was vested in the archaic commune, slavery itself was a communal institution. Private ownership of slaves belonged to a subsequent period, characterized by the private ownership of land. Still later, the land owners found it more advantageous to transform slavery into serfdom. Due to the development of non-agricultural production, a new class of "free" laborers was created, the proletarian class.

The stratification of social groups according to ethnic origin, as in the case of Hindu castes, gradually lost its significance in the favor of the purely economic factors. Such was the case with the now ruling middle class or bourgeoisie. The first traders were foreigners (for instance, Phoenicians) traveling from one country to another and exchanging their wares in barter. Some of these traders settled and formed the nucleus of the middle class. By shrewd manipulation the traders accumulated wealth and gained ascendancy over the war-like aristocracy of the feudal age with the aid of the strong arm of the proletariat. The latter was yet devoid of consciousness of his class interests as opposed to the interests of the non-producing classes, claiming vested rights to the product of other people's toil.

The vested rights in other people's labor—from the very moment of introduction of slavery as a permanent institution to our days—could not be maintained by the voluntary consent of the exploited toilers, be they slaves, serfs or wage workers. It was necessary to create a permanent, strongly organized power with the object of the perpetuation of the sovereignty of the minority over the majority.

The state was consequently from its very inception an economic institution with economic purposes in view. And the modern state, all outward appearances notwithstanding, remained essentially

## Roosevelt and Social-Democracy

LET all the comrades cut this out and carry it in their pocketbooks, ready for instant use in argument.

President Roosevelt, in his last message, says:

"It merely represents [the proposal to give the general government larger powers of control over corporations], the acknowledgment of the patent fact that CENTRALIZATION HAS ALREADY COME IN BUSINESS."

And again—

"I believe in a steady effort, or perhaps it would be more accurate to say in steady efforts, in many directions, to bring about a condition of affairs under which the men who work with hand or with brain, the laborers, the superintendents, the men who produce for the market, and the men who find a market for the articles produced, shall own a far greater share than at present OF THE WEALTH THEY PRODUCE, and be enabled to invest it IN THE TOOLS AND INSTRUMENTS BY WHICH THE WORK IS CARRIED ON."

And this—

"Postal savings banks will make it easy for the poorest to keep their savings in absolute safety."

And this—

"There must be a prohibition of child labor, diminution of woman labor, shortening of hours of all mechanical labor; stock watering should be prohibited; and stock gambling as far as is possible discouraged."

And again—

"There should be a progressive inheritance tax on large fortunes."

And this—

"As far as possible we should lighten the burden of taxation on the small man." [This means, of course, the repeal of the indirect taxes, the only kind that can be made to come out of the working-man's pay envelope. The kind which old Turgot recommended to the French despot, because, as he put it, with them you pluck the goose without its knowing it.]

And this—

"There should be no longer any paltering with the question of taking care of the wage-workers, who under our present industrial system, become killed, crippled, or worn out, as a part of the regular incidents of a given business."

And this—

"When a workman is injured what he needs is not an expensive and doubtful lawsuit, but the CERTAINTY OF RELIEF THROUGH IMMEDIATE ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION."

And this—

"I call your special attention to the bulletin of the bureau of labor which gives a statement of the methods of treating the unemployed in European countries, as this is a subject which, in Germany, for instance, is treated in connection with making provision for worn out and crippled workmen."

And this gem—

"Probably in no other respect

is our legislation, BOTH STATE AND NATIONAL, so far BEHIND practically the ENTIRE CIVILIZED WORLD, as in the matter of liability and compensation for accidents in industry. It is humiliating that at European International Congresses on accidents the United States should be singled out AS THE MOST BELATED AMONG THE NATIONS in respect to EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY LEGISLATION."

And this—

"The laws of the United States in this respect and the laws of European countries have been summarized in a recent bulletin of the Bureau of Labor, and no American who reads the summary can fail to be struck BY THE GREAT CONTRAST BETWEEN THEIR PRACTICES AND OURS, a contrast not in any sense TO OUR CREDIT."

[This ought to be helpful for the workers, who have been voting the Democratic ticket in Texas and Georgia, as well as for those who have been voting the Republican ticket in Iowa and Wisconsin. It shows what they have gotten for their votes.]

Horace B. Walsley.

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The state turns might into right. The middle class wrung political power from the feudal class in order to insure its own economic power over the proletariat. And the proletariat will have to capture the state in order to emancipate itself from economic exploitation. The wage worker represents the bulk of the human energy in the state. The proletariat is the great fountain out of which the entire state mechanism receives its nourishment and power.

Dr. Karl Marx sums up the course of class struggle in the following masterly words:

"The history of all hitherto existing society is the history of class struggles."

"Freedman and slave, patrician and plebeian, lord and serf, guild-master and journeyman, in a word, oppressor and oppressed, stood in constant opposition to one another and carried on an uninterrupted—now hidden, now open—fight that each time ended either in revolutionary reconstruction of society at large or in the common rule of the contending classes."

"In the earlier epochs of history we find almost everywhere a complicated arrangement of society into various orders, in manifold gradation of social rank. In ancient Rome we have patricians, knights, plebeians, slaves; in the middle ages, feudal lords, vassals, guild-masters, journeymen, apprentices, serfs; in almost all of these, again, subordinate gradations."

"The modern bourgeois society that has sprouted from the rules of feudal society has not done away with class antagonism. It has but established new classes, new conditions of oppression, new forms of struggle in place of the old ones."

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Without people submitting to exploitation there can be no social economic parasites. "Vested rights" will be no more. As Liebknecht puts it: "Let the means of production become the possession of the community, then classes will cease. There will remain only society, a society of equals—true human society, mankind and humanity."

In other words, economic or social democracy will supplement political democracy. Emulations will replace the zoological struggle for existence in human society. The Co-operative Commonwealth will replace the present state.

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During any period, such as that in which we are now living, when society is rapidly assuming a higher ethical type, it is inevitable that much resistance should be made to the enforcement of the new standard of justice. Old methods of business and political practices are not easily repressed, even when the public opinion of the community has come to regard them as socially injurious. Forms of conduct once permitted, but now regarded as anti-social, tend to persist in spite of the effort of law and public opinion to dislodge them.

Much that is socially immoral both in politics and in business escapes observation. Nevertheless, the agencies for ferreting out and holding up to the public condemnation offenses against society, are far more efficient and active today than they have ever been in the past. Both the corrupt public official and the unscrupulous business man dread the searchlight of public opinion, which is becoming more and more effective as a regulator of conduct with the growth of intelligence among the masses.

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ity is the change now taking place in the theological beliefs. Heretofore the church has been by far the most important agency for enforcing conformity to the accepted moral standard. The hope of reward or fear of punishment in the world to come has been the chief support upon which the church has in the past rested its system of social control. But this other-world sanction is now losing its compelling force in consequence of the growing disbelief in the old doctrine of rewards and punishments. The fear of the supernatural, which has its highest development in the savage, steadily declines with the progress of the race. When the general level of intelligence is low, the supernatural sanction is a far more potent means of regulating conduct than any purely temporal authority. But, just in proportion as society advances, the other-world sanction loses its potency and increasing reliance must, therefore, be placed upon purely human agencies.

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The corse beneath the fabric of your dream!  
I am your Brother driven forth to die!  
These are your cities, empires, and demesnes—  
And these your doles—to toil!—  
And still to toil!  
To render unto Caesar, not the tithe,  
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Hugh J. Hughes, in *La Follette's*.

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# TERMINABLE FRANCHISES THE LATEST.

Madison, Wis. —The Social-Democrats are again the center of the stage through the discussion in the legislature over the bill for indeterminate and terminable franchises, introduced by Assemblyman Berner. The argument for Comrade Berner's bill gives an idea of its scope, and the bill marks the latest effort on the people's behalf as against the corporate interests. The argument is as follows:

This is a bill to amend chapter 499, Laws of 1907, known as the public utility law, and described as sections 1797m-1 to 1797m-108, inclusive, of the statutes of 1908. Subsection 5 of section 1797m-1 reads as follows:

The term "indeterminate permit" as used in this act shall mean and embrace every grant, directly or indirectly, from the state, to any corporation, company, individual, association of individuals, their lessees, trustees or receivers appointed by any court whatsoever, of power, right or privilege to operate, manage or control any plant or equipment, or any part of a plant or equipment, within this state, for the production, transmission, delivery or furnishing of heat, light, water or power, either directly or indirectly, to or for the public, which shall continue in force until such time as the municipality shall exercise its option to purchase as provided in this act or until it shall be otherwise terminated according to law.

Section 1797m-1 76 reads as follows: Every license, permit or franchise heretofore or hereafter granted to any public utility shall have the effect of an indeterminate permit, subject to the provisions of this act, and subject to the provision that the municipality in which the major part of its property is situated may purchase the property of such public utility actually used and useful for the convenience of the public at any time, as provided herein, paying therefor just compensation, to be determined by the commission and according to the terms and conditions fixed by said commission. Any such municipality is authorized to purchase such property, and every such public utility is required to sell such property at the value and according to the terms and conditions determined by the commission as herein provided.

The principal question involved, in the consideration of this measure, is whether or not the legislature has the power to declare every license, permit or franchise granted prior to July 9, 1907, by the state or by the common council, the board of aldermen, the board of trustees, the town or village board, or any city, to any corporation, company, individual, association of individuals, their lessees, trustees, or receivers, etc., authorizing and empowering such grantee or grantees to own, operate, manage or control any plant or equipment or any part of a plant or equipment within this state for the conveyance of telephone messages or for the production, transmission, delivery, or furnishing of heat, light, water or power, either

power to grant to an existing body a franchise, or to create a corporation with certain franchises and powers, does not take away the constitutional power of the legislature to take away the powers so granted to the city or county, or to alter or repeal the acts of the city or county done under such delegated authority. If such power of repeal and revocation did not remain in the legislature, then the protection which was intended to be secured to the state by Sec. 1, Art. XI, of the constitution, which provides that all general or special laws enacted under the provisions of that section may be altered and repealed by the legislature, could be avoided and rendered nugatory.

The leading case of Attorney General vs. The Railway Companies, 38 Wis., 425, held that a statute which limited the rates to be charged by railway companies for fares and freights was a valid enactment, although such limitations were not imposed upon other common carriers, whether corporate or individual. The statute was held to be a proper exercise by the legislature of the power granted it by the constitution to order or repeal the charters of those corporations. There can be no question but that in the absence of the above provision of the constitution a similar grant by this state to a railroad company would be a contract, and that this state would have no authority or power to lower the rates charged, under the provisions of the United States constitution, which forbids any state from impairing the obligation of a contract.

In the case of The Black River Improvement Co. vs. Holway, 874 Wis., 584-587, Judge Cassaday used the following language:

Undoubtedly the decision in Dartmouth College vs. Woodward, 4 Wheat., 518 (U. S.) led to the conclusion that the grant of corporate franchise by the state (which, according to the above decisions, include franchises granted to local governing bodies) to a private corporation without reservation of condition, and its acceptance as such, constituted a contract which the legislature of the state could not subsequently impair by repeal, alteration, or amendment, by reason of the prohibition in the federal constitution (Art. I, Sec. 10).

To obviate such difficulty it became quite common to insert a clause reserving such power in the charter itself. To avoid all uncertainty on the subject, Sec. 1, Art. XI, of our state constitution (above referred to), was expressly provided. Under the above section of the state constitution the legislature can alter or repeal any general or special grant, and if it can alter and repeal, it can certainly alter a franchise from a definite term to one of an indeterminate term.

It might be urged that the bill proposed would conflict with the federal constitution in that it deprived persons of property without due process of law. However, the utility law provides that when any given utility is to be taken over by



A municipality the rate commission shall fix the compensation to be paid for the property rights of any stockholders, but it may be argued that changing a franchise or permit from a definite term to an indeterminate term by this bill is taking a vested right without due process of law. The fallacy of this argument is plain to see when the rights acquired in a franchise for a definite term are not a vested right, but all such grants are subject to the provisions of our constitution, and Sec. 1 of Art. XI of our state constitution is a part of every permit, franchise or license granted after its enactment, which make all such subject to alteration and even repeal by the legislature. The grantees, having accepted their rights subject to the provision, cannot be heard to complain by the change proposed in this measure.

The merits of this amendment are not difficult to discern. It is a well-known fact in the minds of everyone that in innumerable instances local governing bodies have, in the face of a strong, popular protest, tied the people's hands for years to come by granting to various corporations licenses, permits and franchises to extend terms; for example, in the city of Milwaukee the city council, in the face of public protest and indignation mass meetings of the citizens, granted a franchise to the street railroad monopoly to operate its lines to extend to the year of 1934.

Since that time the street railway company has acted in an arrogant manner and has disregarded practically every demand of the people of Milwaukee, and even the recommendation of the state railroad commission for better services to the citizens of that city. The entire street railway traffic in that city, under the management of this company, has been congested into two or three principal streets of that city, until today pedestrians crossing or recrossing Grand avenue at either of the intersections at East Water, West Water or Third streets, take their lives in their hands. If the street railway company realized that its franchise was indeterminate instead of absolute, they would not doubt be more regardful of the lives and welfare of the citizens from whom they extract their dividends. The railway company of that city during the winter months proceeds to sweep the snow from its tracks to the sides, which at times causes great ridges and banks of snow to accumulate on the streets, making it not only dangerous to the lives of pedestrians, but a hindrance to the various commercial activities. It has, moreover, refused to accommodate its passengers with transfers unless demanded at the moment when the fare is paid. This, too, in the face of the fact that its franchise requires it to give transfers to its passengers. We see that the present remedies are insufficient.

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FREDERIC HEATH, Editor VICTOR L. BERGER, Associate Editor

NEXT WEEK.

We expect to publish next week Senator Gaylord's speech on the cotton option bill at the Wisconsin legislature. The stenographers who took it down are at work transcribing it from their notes, but were unable to give it to us in time for the printers this week. The speech was a masterly one, abounding in facts and in statistics, and made a profound impression on the large number assembled to hear the debate in the senate. Next week's issue is one that you will want to put aside for future reference.

By the way, what has caused the sudden silence regarding the Whitla kidnapping case, and where are the sensational developments hinted at by the press not long ago? The papers tell us that one Judge Miller, who on several occasions as district attorney successfully prosecuted Boyle, is now Boyle's attorney. Is this part of the hidden mystery connected with the case, or is it simply a mere evidence afresh that attorneys are for hire on either side and that the judge is just as convinced of Boyle's innocence now that he was previously convinced of his disreputableness, when his pay did not come from the accused man?

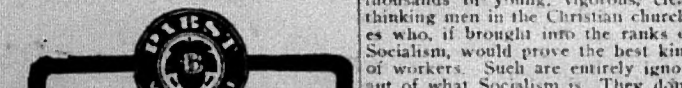
Socialist Mine Workers. The action of the United Mine Workers in endorsing the principles of Socialism and voting down a proposition to form an independent labor party during their recent three weeks

Half Hours in the Herald Sanctum

Correspondents are urged to write as briefly as possible and on one side of the paper only.

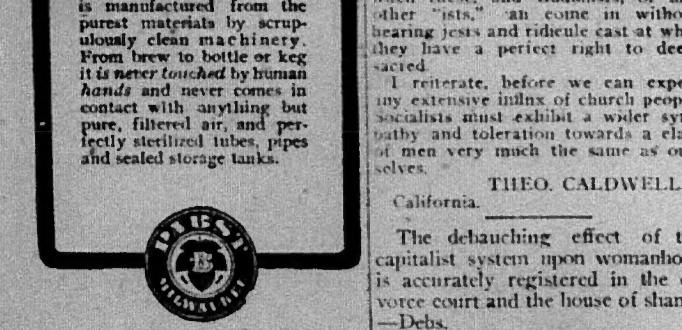
Ugliness of Farm Slavery.

I don't know, and hardly can expect you to publish anything from the pen of so insignificant a Socialist as I am. I have read from the most of American and some of European authors on the social problem and the coming civilization. I desire especially here to thank Comrade Ernest Ufferman for the clear and concise expression of the problem, so that I could understand it. It has given me a clearer insight, and the truth is making me free and giving me power over others, to bring them to the truth. The only way that I have power over the farming community, and I am a farmer living among farmers, is to show them that their present life is ugly, is inferior, is debasing, and show them the beauty of a more perfect and beautiful life under a co-operative Socialist commonwealth. This I find to be the best text to talk from.



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- 31. Socialism and the Future, Brown.
- 32. Socialism and the Future, Brown.
- 33. Socialism and the Future, Brown.
- 34. Socialism and the Future, Brown.
- 35. Socialism and the Future, Brown.
- 36. Socialism and the Future, Brown.

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outnumbered the wide awake ones, and the chance was lost.

The election being to fill a vacancy and for non-partisan candidates (so-called!) brought out a very small vote, which was undoubtedly also affected by alternating downpours of rain throughout a good part of the voting hours. As it was the total vote was actually less than 24,000.

That the full number of Socialist candidates were not elected, even in spite of the small Socialist vote, was due in large measure to the lay-out of the voting machines. Only the alderman-at-large candidate was voted for by the party-lever. The school directors and judges had to be picked out of a bewildering mass of names and voted for separately. A good many, either through confusion or misunderstanding merely pulled down the party lever, thus voting for alderman-at-large, but not for the others. Had all our voters who voted for Seidel completed their voting we would have elected our entire school board ticket, and at least one of our judicial candidates, Comrade Huebschmann, for county judge.

A Disquieting Feature!

A significant feature of the election was the open participation of the Catholic priests, who, taking advantage of the Lenten season, urged the women to get out and vote an anti-Socialist ticket for the school board. Large numbers did this all over the city, and the Catholic work also extended to the election of a county (probate) judge for Branch No. 1, of that court. Both branches of this court (Judge Carpenter and Judge Karel) have been in the hands of Catholics for several years, and a strong and successful effort was made to keep this valuable control, the priests even hanging pictures of the Catholic candidates in the windows of the parochial schools. The county court has the disposition of large numbers of children that have to be sent to public or denominational institutions.

Great chagrin was evidenced by the politicians at the defeat of Ald. at-Large Schneider at the hands of the Social-Democrats. Schneider was appointed by Mayor Rose to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Ald. at-Large Stiglbauer until an election could be held. Schneider, who was prominent in various Catholic societies, helped the mayor to deprive the public schools of the matter is now before the courts) of the bond issue voted them by the people, and went down to signal and merited defeat, in

ELECTED TO SCHOOL BOARD



Mrs. Victor L. Berger.



Frederic Heath.

ALDERMAN-AT-LARGE.

Ward	Seidel, S.D.	Schneider, Dem.	Melsen, Rep.	Bechtner, Ind. Rep.
First	126	268	217	121
Second	258	187	207	42
Third	42	401	78	11
Fourth	120	313	220	40
Fifth	237	270	257	22
Sixth	318	321	306	44
Seventh	99	146	197	93
Eighth	243	229	367	21
Ninth	503	276	293	27
Tenth	587	232	372	31
Eleventh	718	551	278	18
Twelfth	451	316	173	9
Thirteenth	492	380	354	44
Fourteenth	401	852	100	5
Fifteenth	270	322	461	103
Sixteenth	183	377	453	108
Seventeenth	366	195	190	18
Eighteenth	212	652	397	203
Nineteenth	442	345	275	27
Twentieth	914	235	208	30
Twenty-first	471	179	168	34
Twenty-second	494	345	252	63
Twenty-third	300	190	455	18
Grand total	8,555	7,576	6,625	1,070
Seidel's Plurality	979			

BRISBANE FLAYS ROOSEVELT

Theodore Roosevelt has gone to Africa to enjoy himself killing things. Before he went, he was kind enough to leave behind a farewell article telling Socialists how foolish and immoral they are.

Those who study Mr. Roosevelt's thinking expressed in writing are bound to conclude that he is more effective in action than as a thinker.

The substance of Mr. Roosevelt's article on Socialism appears to be that "Socialists are wrong, but you must not say so. You must let me say it for you, if I feel like it, when I get through killing lions."

Here is an amusing, typical extract from Mr. Roosevelt's deep thought:

"In many respects the wage system can be bettered; but screaming about 'wage-slavery' is largely absurd; at this moment, for instance, I am a 'wage-slave'."

Isn't that delicious; isn't it worth its weight in gold as a cure for the blues?

The wage slave mustn't scream about wage slavery. To object to wage slavery is "largely absurd." Mr. Roosevelt, if you please, is himself a wage slave. If HE can stand being a wage slave, others ought to be able to stand it—since they lack his merit, sensitiveness and noble character.

Roosevelt, the wage slave, is at present crossing the ocean, with a large steamer-load of people bowing down to him. He has the best cabin, and his son has the second best cabin. His wife and all of his children at home are permanently well provided for. Lions, buffaloes, gorillas and giraffes are waiting on the other side of the ocean for him to come and shoot them.

Millions of people on this side of the ocean are waiting for him to come back and be cheered. The Smithsonian Institute, a public concern, is paying the principal part of his expenses in Africa.

The periodicals of which he is a wage slave print what he writes, when he feels like writing, pay him a thousand dollars a week for the kind of stuff that would bring about fifteen dollars a week—or not be printed at all—if Roosevelt's name were not fastened to it.

With one concern keeping him as a wage slave and paying him fifty times his actual literary worth, with other concerns eager to take a share in this wage slave and pay him additional sums of money, no wonder Mr. Roosevelt's wage slavery is bearable, and that it seems to him very foolish and wrong "to scream about it."

Suppose that Mr. Roosevelt were really a wage slave. Suppose that he and his wife and children from six years of age up got out of bed at daylight, worked all day long in mines, or mills, got through at night just in time to go to bed and rest for the next day's work.

Suppose they were paid, as hundreds of thousands are paid, just enough to keep the body, the skin and bones, and the soul together. Suppose that if the children were ill the wage slave Roosevelt couldn't afford a doctor. Suppose that he were in constant dread lest one of the children should die, WONDERING WHERE HE WOULD FIND THE MONEY TO BURY IT.

Suppose that his wife were compelled to go to work, leaving children at home too young to work and too young to care for themselves. Suppose that Mr. Roosevelt, leaving his children, saw them grow up without education, without health, without prospects.

Suppose Mr. Roosevelt had led this life of REAL wage slavery for about twenty-five years. Suppose he were getting old and gray, and people told him that they didn't want to hire an old, worn-out man. Suppose his shoulders were getting round, and his hands began to shake, suppose that every day were worse than the day before, and every year worse than the year before.

If Roosevelt were a REAL wage slave, if he had worked and struggled all his life without ever being able to get ahead one dollar, if he saw his children working and struggling as he did, WOULDNT MR. ROOSEVELT SCREAM ABOUT WAGE SLAVERY?

You can be sure that he would, and his screaming would be heard. Fortunately for the peace of civilization, which must be patient, the majority of the wage slaves lack Mr. Roosevelt's lung power and vital energy.

We said to Mr. Roosevelt, as we once said to a distinguished and energetic American millionaire: "It's lucky for the peace of the world that you are able to get all the money you want, for if you didn't have it, with half a dozen children in your house, you would get it SOMEHOW. Your neighbors near you might not have a very comfortable or safe time of it."

Mr. Roosevelt is a lucky wage slave. And the world is glad that he is lucky, and happy and enjoying himself. Roosevelt has done useful work, undoubtedly. At least he yelled and screamed in the White House occasionally, and made the people think. He didn't go into the White House with the low whispering tone and the padded feet of the ordinary corporation candidate.

Nobody envies Mr. Roosevelt, his lions or zebras, his good cabin, or his very comfortable wage slavery on an income of fifty or sixty thousand dollars a year.

But many people would tell Mr. Roosevelt, if he asked them, that he would show better taste, more appreciation of real sorrow and suffering in the world, if he treated actual wage slavery a little more sympathetically, or better still, IGNORED IT ENTIRELY.

Wage slavery DOES exist. Wherever men and women live exactly as slaves lived, except that they pay their own bills, and pay for their own funerals, that IS WAGE SLAVERY.

A negro slave, happy on his plantation, well fed and well cared for by a master financially interested in his health, was physically far better off than hundreds of thousands of working people on wages.—Arthur Brisbane in N. Y. Journal.

The National Secretary Sends Congratulations.

Victor L. Berger: Hearty congratulations on splendid campaign and gratifying results thereof. J. Mahlon Barnes. Chicago, Ills., Apr. 7, 1909.

Seidel Serenaded!

On Thursday evening Ald. Koch, president of the Milwaukee Musicians Union, assembled a band of Socialist musicians and a number of party members and gave Alderman Seidel a serenade at his residence on Twentieth street. The musicians and comrades assembled at the residence of Comrade Heath, Locust and Ninth, and marched to the Seidel home. Speeches and good cheer ruled.

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BUILDERS' COLUMN

By TEDDY

The SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD is invaluable to the thinking public and is a boon to the poor. In that case, how can anyone be without it. And as to the price—just read.

Less than one cent a week outside of Wisconsin, and not quite two cents a week in the state of Wisconsin. Who is there that cannot spare that amount for such reading as you get from the SOCIAL-DEMOCRATIC HERALD, the great organ of the Social-Democratic party of Wisconsin, and the strongest advocate of constructive Socialism throughout America.

Get subscribers for us. Help spread the policies of the Wisconsin Socialists broadcast. We have legislative members in the city, in the county and in the state. There is no locality or city at the present time that can boast such alarming gains in the ranks of parliament for the cause of the workers as the Socialists in the state of Wisconsin.

These alarming gains are due to something. Can you figure out just what it is? Well, get to a balance. The HERALD is really the cause of it all. Why is it the cause of it all? Because it prints the truth; it quotes the facts; it exposes the doings of the capitalist class; so such an extent that the capitalists are well aware of a decisive moment when they can no longer rule the working class.

"Murder will out," and so will the capitalist class. Now then, we need readers to spread this truth to, and you, as one who knows about the wrongdoings of the plutocrats, should get them for us. If for any reason you have cause to refuse to get subscribers for the HERALD, we want to know them. This is your fight, so do your duty.

"MAKING GOOD."

Our Emergency Combination Offer. Did you get it? Make use of it, please. You need what we give in this offer, and we need what you are to give; namely: subscriptions to the HERALD. Don't linger, comrades. Hand them right over.

Here we have our subscribers for the week: Sassaman of Pennsylvania, Blake of Texas, Beardsley of Connecticut, Sherman of District of Columbia, Samuelson of Kansas.

Who said mice? Not Comrade Edwards of Washington, nohow. He said subscribers, and he meant it, too. A handful of subs to the HERALD is the way he proved what he said and what he meant. If there were only more of your calibre, comrade.

Comrade Beum of Ohio put his feet in the right place the other day; stood firm, and landed a couple for the HERALD. Some others ought also to slide their feet on the right ground and then knock down a few.

I think Comrade Prath of Wisconsin must have done the same, for he rolled in a two-spot for two names to swell the HERALD list.

Comrade Collins of Texas hugged our Emergency Combination Offer when she found out what it contained. She knows a good thing when she sees it, and it didn't take her long to land on it, either. I wonder how many more women will put the nose around this Combination Offer before they are all gone. Comrades, you must hurry.

Our "always on the jump" Comrade Owen Donaldson of Ohio just subscribed for one share of stock in the Social-Democratic Publishing Company. He is in for a life-time.

A Notable Convert.

The mayor of Sweden's capital, Carl Lindhagen, who was elected as a Liberal, has now become a Social-Democrat. As he is also a member of the Swedish parliament (the Riksdag), he took his seat at the beginning of the present month with the other Socialist deputies. Herr Branting, the president of the Socialist group, gave the new recruit a hearty welcome. The accession of Stockholm's burgomaster brings the strength of the Socialists in the Riksdag up to 53.

What is morally wrong can never be made politically right.—Burke.

"Socialism Made Plain"

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It is entirely non-sectarian and interdenominational, working among people of all creeds. There have been a number of notable special editions, among them a Presbyterian, a Baptist, a Methodist, a Protestant Episcopal, a Temperance and a Catholic Special. You need it yourself and for propaganda. 10c will bring you several sample copies. 50c pays for the paper a whole year. Address 5623 Drexel Avenue, Chicago.

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# Federated Trades Council of Milwaukee

HEADQUARTERS—318 STATE ST.  
TELEPHONE—GRAND 1742



Meetings on 1st and 3d Wednesdays (8 P.M.), Freie Gemeinde Hall, Fourth St., Bet. Cedar and State.

## OFFICERS:

Corresponding Secretary—JOHN REICHERT, 318 State St.  
Recording Secretary—FREDERICK BEATHE, 34 Sixth St.  
Secretary-Treasurer—EMIL BRODDE, 106 Eighteenth St.  
Sergeant-at-Arms—M. WEISENPLUEH, 1377 Louis Ave.  
Business Agent—FRANK J. WEBER, 318 State St.

EXECUTIVE BOARD—William Griebling, Walter S. Fisher, John J. Handley, William Coleman, Charles E. Jeske, John Rader, Edward Beesbier.

LABEL SECTION—Meetings 3d and 6th Thursday evenings, 318 State St., Room 318, 2d Grand Ave. Chairman, Frank E. Neumann, 14 Sixth St.  
BUILDING TRADES SECTION—Meetings 3d and 6th Thursday evenings, 318 State St., Cor. Sec., John Schwegler, 506 Fifteenth St. Fin. Sec., Henry Rumpel, 318 State St. Business Agent, Wm. Griebling, 318 State St. (Chartered by A. F. of L. B. T. Dept.)

THE UNION LABEL continues to stand for "A Nobler Manhood, a More Beautiful Womanhood and a Happier Childhood". The courts have not yet taken from us the right to employ this means to the end—the laborer's freedom. While we may, let us **USE ITS POWER**

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Wood Carvers, Machinists No. 234  
Painters and Decorators No. 160,  
Brewery Workers No. 9, Beer Bottlers No. 213, Carpenters No. 188,  
P. O. Clerks No. 8.

The Label section reported on its meeting of March 25. Report filed.

The Metal Trades council reported the election of officers as follows: Pres. Wm. Schwab; vice-president, G. A. Krogstad; secretary, Geo. Mutter; treasurer, L. Koch, sergeant-at-arms, J. A. Koetting; executive board, Geo. Arnold, A. J. Koetting, J. J. Handley, M. Katzbach, Wm. Lamp, G. A. Krogstad and H. Daily. Report filed.

The Building Trades council reported that the secretary had been instructed to write the general president of the Bricklayers' Union and to ask him to come to Milwaukee and straighten out matters with the local, also to write Gen. Pres. Kirby of the Building Trades department on the same subject. The council also reported on other matters. Report filed.

The special committee to see the county board relative to union bread at the jail reported progress. Bro. Weber reported having adjusted troubles in the Mahler-Altenberg Works. In regard to labor legislation Bro. Weber said that the anti-labor interests at Madison were powerful and that labor legislation did not look any too bright.

A petition to congressmen for certain action on the tariff on post cards was presented by the delegates. Moved and seconded that delegates take no special action, but allow the pressmen to secure signatures from such members as wished to sign. Petition withdrawn.

The Executive board reported the receipt of a grievance from the Carriage and Wagon Workers, and the board asks that the Carriage and Wagon Workers and the Upholsterers each appoint a committee of five to appear before the board at its next regular meeting. Recommendation approved. The board reported having audited the books and found same correct. The receipts for the quarter were \$650.57 and the disbursements \$567.62. Balance on hand at beginning of the quarter, \$900.13. Balance on hand at end of quarter, \$1,073.08.

A communication from the Patternmakers, reporting the state of its treasury and asking remission of per capita. Moved that request be granted. Lost. Moved that financial secretary notify the local that time would be given in which to meet the obligation. Carried.

A communication was received from the A. F. of L. asking locals to assess all members and ask all friends for the sum of 10 cents on April 17 for Hatters, also a like sum on May 15, if the trouble was not settled by that date. On motion the delegates were asked to report back.

A letter was read from the National Peace Congress, asking the Trades Council to be represented at the congress at Chicago, May 3 to 5, 1909. On motion the subject was laid over to the next meeting.

The board recommended that the per capita tax to the A. F. of L. be paid for one year. Recommendation concurred in.

A communication read from the People's Realty Company, and, on motion, the council decided to send three delegates to the promotion committee. The chair appointed Bros. Schwab, Skinkle and Whitaker.

A communication was read from Samuel Gompers, announcing that the label of the Shirt Waist and Laundry Workers had been recognized as the bona fide label on shirts, collars and cuffs.

A communication was read from the Suspender Makers' Union asking moral support. Filed.

The report of the Executive board was approved as a whole, and its recommendations concurred in.

## RECEIPTS.

Iron Molders No. 125	\$12.60
Iron Molders No. 466	12.22
Federal Labor No. 8002	3.60
Sign Writers No. 922	7.46
Cigar Makers No. 25	9.90
Bookbinders No. 49	7.20
Machinists No. 66	4.50
Coopers No. 30	8.51
Barbers No. 64	3.00
Machinists No. 432	2.10
Typographical No. 23	19.80
Machinists No. 234	12.60
Social-Democratic Publ. Co., interest on loan	9.00
LaFleur collection	7.35
Iron Molders No. 125	37.60
Machinists No. 234	12.60
Glass Blowers No. 15	29.70
Typographical No. 23	9.00
Truck Drivers No. 740	4.00
Carpenters District Council	3.00
Lumber Handlers No. 18	3.00
Brewery Workmen No. 9	21.00
Waiters No. 59	1.80
Glove Cutters No. 37	9.30
Shipwrights, Joiners and Carbers No. 30	5.88
Post Office Clerks No. 3	5.00
Plumber Laborers No. 1	2.25
Painters No. 160	3.00
Carpenters No. 522	2.25
Iron Molders No. 166	2.50
Feeders, Helpers and Job Pressmen No. 27	4.65
Brewery Teamsters No. 72	10.50
Maltsters No. 89	4.40
Engineers and Firemen, 25	2.40
Brass Molders No. 331	3.00
Painters No. 159	9.80
Labor Day tickets	17.50
Bakers No. 205	1.80
Coopers No. 30	7.50

# Organized Labor



Boot and Shoe Workers No. 170

DISBURSEMENTS.	
E. H. Basenberg, Asst. Bus. Agt.	\$45.83
Emil Brodke, postage	2.10
Executive Board	4.75
F. J. Weber, business agent services	29.15
F. J. Weber, services, etc.	10.50
Office rent for April	20.00
J. Reichert, postage	1.00
Co-operative Printery	10.00
Adv. in Polish paper	5.00
Per capita tax to A. F. of L.	10.00
Wisconsin Telephone Co.	24.00
	\$168.33

The council then adjourned.  
Frederick Heath, Rec. Sec.

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# WIS. STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR

Wisconsin State Federation of Labor Financial Report for the Quarter ending March 31, 1909: RECEIPTS.

Union	Amount.
Brewery Workers No. 81	\$8.75
Brewery Workers No. 290	2.10
Brewery Workers No. 154	2.52
Brewery Workers No. 167	7.80
Brewery Workers No. 277	4.20
Brewery Workers No. 90	3.30
Brewery Workers No. 9	30.00
Brewery Workers No. 282	2.28
Brewery Teamsters No. 72	21.00
Brewery Maltsters No. 81	10.80
Brew. Eng. and Firemen, 25	0.00
Brewery Bottlers No. 247	9.60
Brewery Bottlers No. 213	45.00
Barbers No. 64	9.00
Barbers No. 523	0.00
Barbers No. 478	6.00
Barbers No. 468	3.00
Blacksmith Helpers No. 468	1.40
Butcher Workmen No. 282	1.54
Boot and Shoe Wks., 222	1.20
Cigar Makers No. 34	1.88
Cigar Makers No. 25	19.20
Cigar Makers No. 212	5.40
Cigar Makers No. 329	3.00
Cigar Makers No. 323	3.34
Cigar Makers No. 85	1.00
Cigar Makers No. 61	2.80
Cigar Makers No. 304	3.30
Cigar Makers No. 168	3.84
Cigar Makers No. 287	1.80
Cigar Makers No. 381	2.86
Carpenters No. 1053	10.60
Carpenters No. 314	12.60
Carpenters No. 1447	6.00
Carpenters No. 849	3.42
Carpenters No. 657	7.00
Carpenters No. 1146	2.30
Carpenters No. 1423	3.18
Carriage and Wagon Workers No. 25	11.25
Coopers No. 85	1.40
Coopers No. 35	16.80
Electrical Workers No. 187	4.50
Electrical Workers No. 159	3.00
Glass Bottle Blowers, 15	9.00
Iron Molders No. 286	1.60
Journeymen Tailors No. 192	1.20
Journeymen Tailors No. 215	5.20
Journeymen Tailors No. 80	9.00
No. 52	30
Longshoremen No. 508	1.50
Lather Workers	1.48
Machinists' Lodge No. 451	1.38
Machinists' Lodge No. 173	2.14
Machinists' Lodge No. 34	3.84
Machinists' Lodge No. 66	9.60
Machinists' Lodge No. 251	1.92
Machinists' Lodge No. 546	1.62
Machinists' Lodge No. 437	3.72
Metal Polishers No. 45	10.80
Metal Polishers No. 10	4.50
Musicians No. 8	15.00
Pattern Makers Ass., Milw.	25.00
Painters and Decorators No. 316	3.00
Painters and Decorators No. 145	6.60
Plumbers No. 167	1.50
Plumbers No. 134	1.66
Stationary Eng. No. 311	6.84
Sheet Metal Wks. No. 35	2.10
Stage Employees No. 18	9.60
Structural Iron Wks. No. 8	10.50
Stove Mounters	56
Teamsters No. 442	3.00
Typographical No. 23	19.80
Typographical No. 344	42
Typographical No. 448	2.16
Tobacco Workers No. 18	3.42
Central Labor, Sheboygan	2.50
Central Labor, Watertown	5.00
Central Labor, Wausau	5.00
Federated Trades Council, Milwaukee	5.00
Federated Trades Council, Madison	5.00
Federated Trades Council, Green Bay	5.00
Federated Trades Council, Waukesha	2.50
Trades and Labor Council, Kenosha	2.50
Trades and Labor Assembly, Superior	5.00
Trades Council, Milwaukee share of printing Workmen's Compensation Act	22.00
Interest on S. D. Publ. Co. bonds	4.26
Wood Finishers No. 1056	3.42
Federal Labor Union No. 8002	2.40
Total	\$832.96

EXPENDITURES.	
Executive Board Session, Semi-annual	\$ 81.80
Printing and publishing	199.40
Agitation and organization	45.02
Addressing Company, mailing and shipping	32.30
Balance on account to A. F. of L. delegate	9.40
Legal services on Compensation Act, on account	100.00
Telegram to A. F. of L.	2.12
Refunded to Cigar Makers No. 212	3.64
Secretary-treasurer, services other than office work	37.50
Telephone, local and long distance	6.35
Car fares	1.12
Cartage and expressage	2.45
Postage	10.60
Hall rent	1.50
Ink and literature	.60
Secretary-treasurer, salary for January, February and March, 1909	62.50
Total	\$606.77

RECAPITULATION.	
Receipts for quarter ending March 31, 1909	\$742.85
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1909	90.11
Total	\$832.96
Disbursements for quarter ending March 31, 1909	606.77
Balance on hand April 1, 1909	226.19
Total	\$832.96
The above includes \$194.55 con-	

# WISCONSIN STATE FEDERATION OF LABOR OFFICIAL DEPARTMENT

**GENERAL OFFICERS**  
FRANK J. WEBER, General Organizer, 318 State St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
FREDERICK BROCKHAUSEN, Sec.-Treas., 553 Orchard St., Milwaukee, Wis.

**EXECUTIVE BOARD**  
WILLIAM HAMANN, 409 Eleventh St., Milwaukee, Wis.  
JAMES SHEEHAN, 518 Fifth Ave., Milwaukee, Wis.  
WILLIAM KAUFMANN, 708 Pearl St., Kenosha, Wis.  
HARRY SEYMORE, 331 Chandler St., Madison, Wis.  
E. B. HILSTEAD, 418 Eddy St., Eau Claire.

**UNFAIR—WAS IT?**  
The United States Supreme Court has construed the Sherman Anti-Trust Law so as to include the LABOR UNIONS. Complying with the terms of the decision, the "Unfair List" here before appearing here has been removed. IT'S UP TO YOU!

**Wage Earners Wake Up!**  
Join the Union of your craft and the party of your class—always demand the UNION LABEL and SHOP-CARD—cast your ballots for emancipation from wage slavery

tributed by labor organizations to the legislative fund.  
**DEFENSE FUND.**  
Receipts for quarter ending March 31, 1909, \$127.00  
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1909 578.27  
Total \$705.27  
Disbursements for quarter ending March 31, 1909 \$ 36.00  
Balance on hand April 1, 1909 669.27  
Total \$705.27

**Organizations Affiliated During Quarter Ending March 31, 1909:**  
Central Labor Union, Wausau.  
Machinists' Lodge No. 173, Eau Claire.  
Carpenters' Union No. 1074, Eau Claire.  
Boost the next annual convention, which will be held in the city of Eau Claire, commencing July 21, next.

Respectfully submitted,  
Fred Brockhausen, Sec'y-Treas.

**UNION HACK DRIVERS.**  
The following hackmen in Milwaukee can furnish union drivers on request. Their barns are not unionized, but they employ some union men. When ordering a rig insist on a union driver:  
Brett, Arthur J., 281 Reed st.  
Czerwinski, M., 656 Fourth ave.  
Crocker, C. L., 1228 Grand Ave., near Feldmann, Chas., 1220 Garfield ave.  
Fennig, K., 405 Lincoln Avenue.  
Hartmann, George W., 709 Tenth st.  
Juneau Park Livery, 417 Marshall st.  
Kask, Emil J., 1008 Fifth St.  
Kemper, Herman, 247 Reed st.  
Kohn, M. A., 860 Thirty-sixth st.  
Miller, Sam R., 530 Market st.  
E. Schmitt, 2425 Vliet Street.  
Tegen, William, 699 Tenth st.

**UNION BREAD.**  
The following downtown restaurants use union-label bread:  
Jacobs, Third and State streets.  
U. S. Restaurant, Third street, near Second Ward Bank.  
Miller, Cafe, East Water and Mason streets.  
Mott & Thane, East Water and Michigan streets.  
Kiesel Restaurant, Mason street, between East Water street and Broadway.  
Albion Hotel, Michigan street, between Jefferson and Jackson streets.  
Windsor Hotel, Milwaukee street, opposite Schubert theater.  
Walter's Restaurant, 260 Third st.

WANTED—Socialist Bookkeeper to audit books in spare time. Apply: B 14, 344 Sixth St., c/o Social-Democratic Herald.

**TO SEE WELL CONSULT REINHARD**  
ARTIFICIAL EYES INSERTED 216 GRAND AVE.  
**HENRY F. SCHMIDT**  
Saloon, Sample and Wine Room  
For Club Parties, Weddings, Entertainments, Robustious Tourists and Meetings  
216 FIRST AVE. AND ORGERS STREET, MILWAUKEE

**Smoke TAMPANOLA**  
Manufactured by Herman BUECH 10c CIGAR  
Phone So. 4110  
875 SEVENTH AVENUE  
THE HOME TEA CO.  
203 Grove St., Milwaukee  
A Full Line of Groceries  
VIGENTZ & BUNZEL, Proprietors

**JOHN LUELL**  
MANUFACTURER OF FINE CIGARS  
667 GREENFIELD AVE., MILWAUKEE  
MY FRANCHISE  
100—Samples de Cuba—Cuba League  
50—Golden Harvest—Lone Star—No. 700

**KOESTER & LIEBSCHER**  
West Side Bottle House  
"BOTTLED BY THE UNION"  
WISCONSIN AND LABOR UNIONS AT WHOLESALE PRICES  
P. O. 2280 300 Chestnut St.

**ADOLPH HEUMANN**  
171 THIRD STREET  
Sample Room and Bottle House  
Phone Grand 98

**A. W. HAAS** Telephone South 1891  
Fresh and Salt Meats 211 HOWELL AVENUE 2H  
Poultry & Game in Season

**C. D. WAUGH** EXPERT OPTICIAN  
350 GRAND AVE.  
When You CAN'T SEE WELL SEE WAUGH

**EVERT VOTH** UNDERTAKER  
Open Day and Night—L.A.D. ASSISTANT  
Phone So. 79  
425 Grove St.

**E. BACHMANN** Jeweler and Optician  
311 Third Street—Near North Avenue

**Keep the Wheel Turn in'**  
SEND ME YOUR ORDERS FOR  
**COAL**  
and let the Social-Democratic Party benefit by getting the profit thereon. "Every little bit helps"—remember that.  
PHONE GRAND 2394  
346 SIXTH STREET  
**H. W. BISTORIUS**



**National Avenue** **LAUER** **Cor. First Avenue**

**Monday, April 12 WORKINGMEN'S SPECIALS**

**50c UNION-MADE BLUE OVERALLS** with bib, all sizes—not more than two pairs to a customer **25c**

—Monday special...

**WHITE UNLAUNDERED BOSOM SHIRTS**—all sizes from 13 to 18—good value at 65c—Monday special **25c**

**SALE MONDAY ONLY**

## Wisconsin State Organization Department

CARL D. THOMPSON, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee, Wis., state organizer; to whom news and other matters for this department should be sent.

**COMRADE THOMAS' DATES:** Comrade E. H. Thomas will make a tour of Wisconsin, beginning May 1. Several locals have already written for him, and we are expecting that this announcement will bring in calls from many others. Miss Thomas' trip is to take the place of the one which was intended by Comrade Harvey Dee Brown, who is going to assist the Anti-Tuberculosis Association in a crusade which they are going to carry on in Milwaukee this summer. Comrade Brown has become a very busy man, and his services are in demand in different lines.

**FOR THE STATE DEFICIT:** Comrades are requested to note especially that Comrade E. H. Thomas has offered to donate the entire proceeds of his lecture trip after entertainment and railroad fare have been paid to the state organization. No such offer has ever been made to the locals before. It means that each local which has Miss Thomas will have in addition to having one of the best Socialist addresses ever given, make a very substantial contribution to the funds of the state organization. Comrades everywhere should appreciate this opportunity not only to do propaganda work, but at the same time to help pay off the deficit in the state organization.

**WAUSAU, WIS.** Wausau got into the line right on April 1 by having a big rally for Comrade Walter Thomas Mills; 400 people and all well pleased excepting a few Republicans, to whom Mills "handed out a few hot ones which made their faces about three feet long." Comrade Klerin says: "Mills is all right. You will have to go a long way to find one to beat the little sawed off and hammered down fellow." They took in \$34.85.

**TWO RIVERS:** Comrade Wentworth writes concerning the Mills meeting that it was one of the best ever held there. He declares that Mills is the kind of a Socialist speaker that even the capitalists like to hear. They think they have several of them on the way out of the speech.

**THE MILLS DATES:** Comrade Mills expects to speak in the near future according to the following schedule:

Minnesota, April 11 to 21; North

ONE MOMENT!

Let us call your attention to the fact that you have but just the remotest chance left to purchase your

**EASTER FOOTWEAR**

You will want the latest style, to be sure. We have them all. Come and see at once.

Our prices are right.

**Lamers Bros. SHOES**

334 GROVE ST. MILWAUKEE, WIS.

**TRY THE HERALD CLASSIFIED "ADS"**

**WANTED—YOU to drink our Soda and other Carbonated Waters.** "Iron Tree" our specialty. Manufactured by J. B. REITER, 126 Jackson St., Phone 5000.

**WANTED—To do addressing for societies, merchants, etc.** Low prices, quick service. LAMER ADDRESSING CO., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

**WANTED—Orders for imitation typewriters.** Letters cannot be told from the original. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

**WANTED—Orders for "Socialism Made Plain," fourth edition.** This office.

**BRANCHES!** We can now furnish you 100 Orders on Treasurer, bound with only 85c. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

**WANTED—BRANCHES and other societies to purchase their Slog and Scholastic Score Cards, bearing the union label, from us.** Fifty cents a dozen. CO-OPERATIVE PRINTER, 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

**FOR SALE**

**RECEIPT BOOKS, 50 in a book,** with the union label, suitable for unions, branches, etc. 15c each, or two for 30c. Social-Democratic Pub. Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

**WARRANTS ON THE TREASURER—**for the use of Social-Democratic Branches; 100 warrants in a book for 85c. Social-Democratic Publishing Co., 344 Sixth St., Milwaukee.

**THE White Is King of Sewing Machines**

The White Sewing Machine Company's thirty-eight years of experience along the one line—making machines for family sewing—has enabled them to produce a machine that will please and satisfy you in every way. For full details

**E. H. HEISMAN**

449 National Avenue

PHONE SOUTH 4022

**ECONOMY, CONVENIENCE and SAFETY**

**1909 Acorn Gas Ranges**

Have Many More Good Features Ready for Your Inspection April First

**Reinhold Brothers**

Lisbon Ave. and Twenty-third St.

**BICYCLES and REPAIRING**

A Full Line of New and Second Hand Bicycles

Nickel Plating, Enameling and First Class Repairing at Lowest Prices.

**E. B. STEFFEN**

881 Third Street

**Inspector of Street and Sidewalk Work, Clerk Second Grade**

Office of the Board of City Service Commissioners—City Hall, March 27, 1909.

Competitive examination for the position of Inspector of Street and Sidewalk Work and for Clerk Second Grade will be held at the above office on Thursday, April 1, 1909, at 9 o'clock a.m.

General requirements for both positions: United States citizen; at least three years' experience in the city of Milwaukee for the last three years; good health; no previous criminal record; good character; and recommendation of a responsible citizen.

Special requirements for Inspector of Street and Sidewalk Work: Common school education; previous experience in the city of Milwaukee in the construction of streets, sidewalks and alleys; ability to read and understand specifications.

Special requirements for Clerk Second Grade: Age, 21 years or more for males, 18 years or more for females; good character; and recommendation of a responsible citizen.

Applications in writing, for both positions to be presented personally, up to and including Monday, April 5, 1909, on the proper blanks to be obtained at the above office.

**FRED L. LANDECK, Pres.**

**ALF. DIETRICH, Sec.**

**JOHN J. VLAAR, Secretary.**

**STATE OF WISCONSIN, MILWAUKEE COUNTY, County Court—In Probate.**

In the Matter of the Estate of Sophie Heiden, Deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Sophie Heiden, late of the city of Milwaukee, in said county of Milwaukee, deceased, having been duly granted to William D. Sehester by this court.

It is ordered that the time from the date hereof until and including the first Tuesday of September, A. D. 1909, be and the same is hereby fixed as the time within which all creditors of the said Sophie Heiden, deceased, shall present their claims for examination and allowance.

It is further ordered that all claims and demands of all persons against the said Sophie Heiden, deceased, be examined and adjusted before this court at the courthouse in the city of Milwaukee in said county, at the hour of ten o'clock a.m. to be held on the first Tuesday of December, 1909, and all creditors are hereby notified thereof.

It is further ordered that notice of the time and place at which said claims and demands will be examined and adjusted as aforesaid, and of the time above limited for said creditors to present their claims and demands, be given by publishing a copy of this order and notice for four consecutive weeks, once in each week, in the Social-Democratic Herald, a newspaper published in the county of Milwaukee, the first publication to be within five days of the date hereof.

Witness the hand of the said court, this 1st day of April, A. D. 1909.

**Wm. D. Sehester, Clerk.**

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## "NON-PARTISAN" HUMBUG.

Non-Partisan Election a sham and a fraud!

A little search-light reveals the true under-current of a Non-Partisan Election.

We have just had a non-partisan election—that is, they call it non-partisan—but it is worse than partisan, because it is bi-partisan, tri-partisan, and everything else partisan.

Politics was supposed to be out of it, yet it was injected into it from every stand-point—even religion was brought into play!

Here are the facts, which can be easily verified:

E. T. Fairchild ran for circuit judge as the "people's non-partisan candidate," and yet he appealed to every Republican voter on the strength of the fact that his law partner, Lenicheck, was chairman of the Republican county committee.

M. S. Sheridan ran as non-partisan candidate for county judge, and yet David S. Rose appealed to every loyal Democrat by letter, to vote for M. S. Sheridan, on account of the fact that he was a good Democrat.

Edward J. Henning ran as a non-partisan candidate for county judge, and yet he whipped every Stalwart into line for him on the ground that he was a Stalwart.

M. S. Sheridan caused a letter to be written to every Catholic priest and church official in the city, asking for their endorsement on the ground that he was a good Catholic and it would be preferable for them to have a Catholic in office.

E. J. Henning caused, or it was written for him, that he should be elected on the ground that the only A. P. candidate for the office.

Louis L. LeFebvre ran because he wanted to run and because he thought that on account of his being Secretary of the Republican county committee, he was entitled to some Republican votes.

O. W. Kreutzer claimed that Henning was guilty of fraud in telling the people that he (Kreutzer) had written in favor of Henning.

Donnelly claimed to be the only man who could defeat the Social-

ists, and Sheridan came back with the cry, "Me too!"

Fairchild asked that he be elected because he was the only anti-prohibition candidate.

A fine spectacle, a nice scramble for a judicial job—and yet these men have urged upon the public that they be given the opportunity to wear the "Ermine" and to dispense justice a la non-partisan!

A man is to be admired more who stands by his colors, win or lose. And the man who is willing to fight under anybody's colors is a man to be watched.

Non-partisan election has been degraded into a personal and saloon canvass, and the amount of money expended is something frightful!

E. J. Henning, estimated, \$5,000. Joe Donnelly, estimated, \$5,000. M. S. Sheridan, estimated, \$5,000. Judge O. T. Williams, estimated, \$3,000.

O. W. Kreutzer, estimated, \$2,000. LeFebvre, estimated, \$2,000.

E. T. Fairchild, estimated, over \$10,000.

And there have been rumors that Mr. Fairchild got his contributions from Stephenson because he voted in favor of the suppression of the investigation, and also from the Brewers, because he voted against the county option bill.

Party politics on the Chicago style, or on the Rose-Corcoran plan, in the Third, Fourth and Fifth wards could not be much worse.

Let us do away with non-partisan politics, as it is a mere veneer for hypocrisy, for beneath it all is permitted the worst kind of politics.

A man ought to be responsible to his party, and the party ought to be responsible for him, and the amount of money that a candidate should be permitted to put into the game for office ought to be limited to a legitimate amount.

When men spend such fortunes for office, the wonder is that some stay honest in office.

Let us take care of your printing troubles; that's our particular business. Give us an idea of what you want and we'll do the rest. You'll be pleased. Address The Co-operative Printer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

Comrades, do your shopping at the places of our advertisers, and let them know why you buy there.

**Milwaukee County Organization Department**

Address all communications to A. J. WELCH, county organizer, 344 Sixth Street, Milwaukee.

If we had all voted, we would have elected all our candidates. Moral: Next time go to vote!

Well, it was a grand victory just the same.

If ever voter who voted for Comrade Seidel would contribute 50 cents to the campaign deficit, the deficit would be wiped off the slate and there would be a neat little balance to begin the next campaign with. Have you contributed your 50 cents?

Comrade Andrew Bate will deliver a lecture on "Astronomy" this (Saturday) evening, at the Social-Democratic headquarters, 346 Sixth Street. The lecture will be in the Hungarian language.

A large and enthusiastic audience greeted Comrade Brown at the Jefferson Studios last Sunday evening. His lecture was based on Kutter's remarkable book, "They Must," and the audience expressed its appreciation by frequent hearty applause. Miss Boehert recited "The Man With the Hoe" in a very acceptable manner, and Mrs. A. J. Welch sang three contralto solos which were well received by the audience.

The subject of Comrade Brown's lecture for tomorrow (Sunday) evening will be "Man, the Social Creator." The musical program will be furnished by Mr. Emil Ingold, tenor, with Miss Mildred Stewart at the piano.

On Thursday evening, April 1, a number of young people met at the home of Comrade Cawthorne, 623 Madison Street, for the purpose of forming a branch of the Young People's Social-Democratic League for the south side. The young people were very pleasantly entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Cawthorne. Comrade Cawthorne and Organizer Welch outlined briefly their views of what the aims and objects of the league should be, and, after a general discussion of the subject, it was decided to hold a meeting at the Socialist Home in the near future and perfect an organization. The prospects for a good live branch of the league on the south side are now very encouraging, and we bespeak for it the hearty co-operation of all south side branches.

**Amusements.**

Tuesday afternoon, April 20, at 2:30 p.m.—Cincha party by the Young People's club, at Korach's hall, 653 Greenfield Avenue.

Saturday evening, May 1—Coming National club dance.

Sunday afternoon, May 2—Branch 22, sehaskopf tournament, at Wedekind's hall, 2714 North Avenue.

Saturday evening, May 8—May ball under the auspices of the Fifteenth Ward branch, at Gerhardt's hall, Twenty-seventh and Milwaukee streets.

May 15—May ball by the West Side Young People's Social-Democratic League, at Jefferson Studios, 523 Jefferson Street, one block north of the court house.

Saturday evening, May 22—May ball under the auspices of Branch 11, at L. Meier's hall, corner of Muskego Avenue and Mitchell Street.

Sunday afternoon and evening, July 1—Annual picnic of the Eleventh Ward branch, at Hagerman's park, corner of Eighth and Manitoba Avenues.

**Branch Meetings Next Week.**

**SUNDAY**

Cudahy Branch, Cudahy Athletic Club rooms, Cudahy, Wis.

**MONDAY**

County Central Committee, at

**Social-Democratic OFFICE HEADQUARTERS**

344 6th St.

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344 6th St.

**Branch Meetings Next Week.**

## WE'RE EVER READY

TO WAIT ON YOU. SO GET YOUR

**Easter Suit**

**NOW**

**JANDT & BLUEMEL**

703-705 Muskego Ave. Cor. Mitchell St.

**A Large Assortment of Union Made Clothing**

**Friend & Marks**

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# Watch Lauer's Ad. in This Paper



## Spring Clothes

for Men and Young Men

New patterns—shades in green and gray—fine blue Serges, and other colors in Worsteds and Cassimeres—cut in the latest models—two, three and four button sack suits—Cravenettes for rainy weather. Prices

**\$10.00 to \$22.50**

HATS in All Styles and Colors

**Brueff**  
CLOTHING CO.

1725-1727 Fond du Lac Ave....Cor. Eighteenth St.

## AT THE THEATERS.

### DAVIDSON.

"The Merry Widow," the musical operatic hit of the world, comes to the Davidson theater Sunday for a week's engagement. Wednesday and Saturday matinees will be played. The offering is made by



Henry W. Savage and the company. Rosemary Glosz heads it, playing the role of the widow, in which she scored so extensively in New York, while George Damer, of Chicago fame, is Prince Danilo. The supporting company is an exceptional one. The production is elaborate, and the event is promised to be the greatest musical offering of the season.

### BIJOU.

Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin," without destroying the venerable earmarks of more of the quaint pastimes of plantation life as it was "befo' de war," in the way of cake walks, buck and wing dancing, jubilee singing, etc. This excellent company will be seen at the Bijou next week beginning tomorrow afternoon. These will be matinees

tomorrow, Monday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday. The matinees



Monday and Friday are for school children—prices will be 10 and 20 cents for reserved seats all over the house.

### ALHAMBRA.

At the Alhambra next week the offering of the VanDyke and Eaton Stock Company will be "The Land of the Midnight Sun," Edward Barber's dramatic version of Hall Caine's romantic novel "The Bondman." The scene in the sulphur mines is especially realistically staged. The Sisters McConnell will be a feature of the Easter bill as will Arnold and Willard Foster, the illustrated song singer. Daily matinees are given.

### NEW COLUMBIA THEATER.

The opening of the newest vaudeville theater in Milwaukee—the Columbia, formerly the North Side Turn hall—will take place Saturday

night, April 10, when the curtain will rise for the initial performance. The Columbia easily takes rank with Milwaukee's largest, safest and most comfortable theaters. Largest, because of its seating capacity of 1900. Safest, because of the twenty exits and the multitude of fire escapes. Most comfortable, because of the large, room seats, the extensive chair space and excellent ventilation. It is the intention of Manager Trimy to run two shows daily, with matinee Saturday and Sunday.

### MAJESTIC.

Mabel Hite, America's funniest comedienne, and her husband, Mike Donlin, the best known base ball player in the world, will be the headline attraction at the Majestic next week, in "Stealing Home." Another big feature is the wholesomely funny Harry W. Fields and the Nine Redpath Napeans, in their original "School Days" sketch which no one should miss. The balance of the bill is exceptionally good.

### NEW STAR.

Mortimer M. Theise in selecting the beauty chorus of forty girls for his "Rollickers" Company which comes to the New Star Theater, commencing Sunday matinee, had the choice of almost three hundred newly arrived European beauties. The result of his selection can be seen in the galaxy of shapely women who make up a portion of this hilarious burlesque. Alfred K. Hall's Empire Pony Ballet helps to round out a most pleasurable evening's entertainment.

### EMPIRE.

At the Empire next week Azalea the world-famous chimerical dance illusion will interest the usual large crowds. There are five other acts on next week's bill, all of them leaders.

### GAYETY.

Louis Rohie's Knickerbocker Burlesquers will be the attraction at the Gayety theater next week, the company opening its week's engagement with a matinee performance tomorrow. Fields and Wooley, comedians, who have been appearing until recently in the larger mu-

## FROM A CATHOLIC COMRADE

To the Herald: Every Catholic claims the right, in common with every other citizen, to follow the dictates of his conscience in matters of religion. Every Catholic should also claim the right to follow the dictates of his conscience in political matters, and no enlightened Catholic should accept political advice from his spiritual adviser, for the very reason that a priest is seldom a competent authority on matters of politics. If your watch needed repairing, you wouldn't think of bringing it to your priest, would you?

While many of the Catholic clergy throughout the city succeeded in inducing a large number of women to come out and vote for candidates on a so-called anti-Socialist ticket, on the pretense that their liberties as Catholics were being attacked by the Social-Democrats, these same clergymen have stirred up a spirit of resentment among the more enlightened Catholics that will sooner or later end in open revolt. A glance at the names of the anti-Socialist ticket will convince anyone who is at all acquainted with the candidates thereon that the priests who advocated their election are absolutely incompetent to give advice in political matters, even if we concede that they were honest in their desire to protect the interests of their con-

gregations and of the parochial schools.

The political liberties of all the people, regardless of race or religion, spring from the same source and are endangered by the same evil influences. The welfare of the public school system is of just as vital importance to the Catholic who sends his children to a parochial school as it is to any other citizen, for the reason that future liberty depends largely upon the education of the masses. Where there is lack of enlightenment there is lack of liberty, and the same forces that grind the faces of the poor outside the fold of the Catholic church will oppress the poor within the fold.

Already there are hundreds of Catholics who resent the interference of the clergy in political matters, and they express their resentment by working and voting in the interest of themselves and their class. The clergy should take warning by the experience of the church in other countries and cease from interfering in politics.

The average intelligent layman is capable to decide for himself how he shall vote, and if the clergy persist in interfering, they need not be surprised if they meet sooner or later with open revolt.

A Catholic Socialist.

Milwaukee.

## Seidel to End Budget Tangle.

Election of Social-Democrat Gives Opponents of Mr. Rose One More Vote.

Evening Wisconsin: The election of a Social-Democratic alderman materially changes the line-up of the council. Mayor Rose has lost control and it is believed the school board now will win in its demand for a bond issue of \$360,000, regardless of the result of the mandamus proceeding pending in the courts.

With the addition of Ald. Seidel the Social-Democrats will have ten representatives in the council. There are six Republican aldermen. Ald. Smith and Peterson are not in good standing with the administration and in the school board controversy have announced they will vote against the mayor. This gives the public schools the vote of eighteen, or a majority of the body.

### Effect on Mayor.

The new alignment also means

### The SUPREME COURT

"It is easy to see in the exaltation of the Federal judiciary a survival of the old medieval doctrine that the king can do no wrong. In fact much the same attitude of mind which made monarchy possible may be seen in this country in our attitude toward the Supreme Court. As long as the people revered the king his irresponsible power rested on a secure foundation. To destroy the popular belief in his superior wisdom and virtue was to destroy the basis of his authority. Hence all criticism of the king or his policy was regarded as an attack on the system itself and treated accordingly as a serious political crime. There are indications, — that popular faith in the infallibility of the Supreme Court has been much shaken in recent years. . . .

"It is but natural that the wealthy and influential classes who have been the chief beneficiaries of this system should have used every means at their command to exalt the Supreme Court and therefore secure general acquiescence in its assumption and exercise of legislative authority." Prof. J. Allen Smith, University of Washington.

that Mayor Rose will be obliged to pay Attorney Hugh Ryan, his personal attorney in the mandamus proceeding, out of his private income as the council will be opposed to granting the allowance. The aldermen declare City Attorney J. T. Kelly is the official legal adviser and that if outside talent is engaged the city is not obliged to pay for the services.

The canvassers on the aldermanic election, consisting of Ald. Carney, Tarrant and Grass, will meet Thursday forenoon to canvass the returns. The result will be officially reported at the regular meeting of the council next Monday, after which session Ald. Schneider's term ends. Five aldermen are sufficient to lay the budget over to another meeting, which will put the controlling power with the friends of the \$360,000 bond issue.

### FINE CONCERT PROMISED.

The Milwaukee Maennerchor's concert advertised elsewhere will be a very notable one. The selections will be from Mendelssohn, Schubert, Schumann, Liszt, and other masters. There will be solos by Hilda Ackenhausen, Bruno Steindel, Harry Meurer, F. Steimaci and others.

You may avoid ammunition if you do not carry Liebknecht's "Socialism and What it Means to Accomplish" round with you. This office. 15 cents a copy.

The noblest motive is the public good.—Virgil.

### TAG DAY, APRIL 17.

Saturday, April 17, will be a "tag day" in which working people should take particular interest and give their most liberal support. This popular way of raising funds is now to be used for the benefit of the School for Those Having Defective Vision, Hearing or Speech.

## —tuberculin-tested

# MILK

We are now prepared to deliver, promptly and regularly, pasteurized tuberculin-tested milk, in sterilized bottles, at 6c per quart. This milk is drawn from inspected herds and meets all the requirements of the new city ordinance effective April 1st.

Seventy-nine GRIDLEY wagons GET THERE before breakfast every morning

PHONE GRAND 880

**Gridley Dairy Co.**  
410 Grand Avenue

**6c**

now located at 403 Newberry boulevard.

With all the provisions made by the state for caring for the afflicted, no public institution is able to afford to blind and defective children under the age of 8 years an asylum combining with it both a hospital and a school; and nowhere is proper provision made for the peculiar training necessary to blind babies, even though they be otherwise normal. The unfortunates cared for in this institution come altogether from the ranks of the working classes. Organized labor is represented in the management of the school by F. E. Neumann, an employee of this paper who is well known in union circles, as a member of the board of directors and its treasurer. E. G. Hadden is president and J. C. Reiley secretary.

The School for Defective Vision was established five years ago by Miss Alice Burnham Fellows, a teacher of recognized ability, and she is, as dean, still its active managing head. The work of arranging this tag day is completely in her hands. The only outside help required is the services of a corps of ladies to sell the tags. The HERALD urges the wives, daughters and sisters of readers to volunteer such services, thus greatly assisting, at no cash outlay, a worthy and noble work. Offer your aid, by phone or postal, to Miss Fellows or Bro. Neumann.

Every workman and woman, should take a tag, whether able to give it to cents or \$10. Here

### CHARLES DIPPEL DEAD.

Our party in Milwaukee this week has lost one of its old time stand-bys in the death of Charles Dippel. Comrade Dippel was for



years very active in the Socialist and trade union movements and was widely known. He was a cigar-maker.

## How's This?



\$2.50 to \$4

It's a New Last for Men, Tan, Russia, Gull and Patent

**LUEDKE'S**  
412-415 NATIONAL AVE.

## House Cleaning

Moth Balls, Naphthalene Flakes, Bug Killers—everything you need for house-cleaning—at

**Wenzel & Mueller Drug Co.**  
Howell Avenue and Clarence Street

## For Bargains in Shoes

GO TO  
**M. ELTZHOLTZ**  
Now Located  
1256 Kanabach  
Next to the  
Furnace Co.  
Barnes' Store

## Going to Build?

Use the Mand Dry Wall System—Triple Air Space and Triple Board  
**Morgan Concrete Block Co.**  
308-310 South First

## Clothes of Quality

At Prices to Please



We've established an enviable reputation long ago for selling perfect fitting suits.

Experience has taught us when, where and what to buy.

At \$10.00, \$12.50 and \$15.00 we are showing a line of suits that are certainly beauties. Others up to \$25.00. Don't fail to see them.

No store ever had a warmer welcome for you, and your visit will afford us the greatest pleasure.

**REINECK BROTHERS**

"THE HOME OF GOOD CLOTHES"

717-719 TWELFTH STREET

Corner Lloyd Street

## NEW SHOE STORE

Next to Reineck Bros. 715 Twelfth Street Next to Reineck Bros.

Ready for Business

Our aim is to give the public the best goods for the least money. Our stock is new, up-to-date, clean and snappy. Prices are right. We carry a large line of "union-made," both dress and work shoes.

We cordially invite your inspection.  
**GLEUE BROS.**  
715 12th St., Milwaukee, Wis. Two Stores and La Valle, Wis.

## THE VOTE FOR SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

WARD.	Augustyn.	Berg.	Churchill.	Comstock.	Crawford.	Gaffney.	Heath.	Jenkins.	Koch.	Kielie.	Klingbecker.	Lachemmer.	McGinn.	Miller.	Richardson.	Schwal.	Stark.	Teehan.	Thomas.	Whitall.	Aaron.	Brown.	Schade.	Tupper.
First	380	142	89	46	247	234	105	135	531	803	101	61	103	174	256	72	132	370	122	501	650	135	35	18
Second	195	185	160	33	111	89	174	59	195	70	54	86	74	150	70	132	183	162	160	163	207	150	77	18
Third	101	22	47	5	97	305	30	252	425	10	7	6	348	212	22	11	93	110	25	93	313	17	2	2
Fourth	202	108	91	30	111	203	84	121	370	70	29	40	123	161	82	63	184	178	79	289	360	112	18	17
Fifth	176	196	160	42	109	123	171	159	271	67	45	45	180	112	92	117	152	215	177	236	282	105	44	21
Sixth	304	266	207	38	151	338	257	287	403	115	108	108	92	335	151	169	210	269	241	441	508	231	66	23
Seventh	255	120	121	62	175	105	173	57	291	83	86	70	77	91	150	51	197	199	83	317	366	87	42	19
Eighth	183	221	102	51	114	195	174	136	333	93	78	43	278	146	100	168	150	239	168	252	295	104	46	21
Ninth	218	388	362	52	132	253	47	216	327	152	116	91	146	239	163	266	153	191	349	363	373	341	100	25
Tenth	344	499	358	38	140	222	430	157	343	223	166	97	104	254	186	250	175	244	503	537	531	462	107	36
Eleventh	201	539	517	70	141	518	349	459	642	153	114	41	30	89	149	84	249	130	302	290	337	311	50	12
Twelfth	112	326	306	24	109	175	307	139	254	71	145	115	151	247	170	238	265	263	304	329	408	358	121	35
Thirteenth	328	366	314	60	199	200	154	172	366	140	67	39	155	471	88	133	190	136	162	457	549	117	65	29
Fourteenth	230	199	194	36	172	424	280	440	648	68	117	181	165	232	284	154	470	512	215	512	865	232	72	41
Fifteenth	614	284	191	67	328	316	338	162	576	164	115	87	188	274	294	92	450	453	170	760	923	156	52	53
Sixteenth	562	183	125	96	363	623	147	235	879	116	202	50	98	154	124	281	300	163	350	320	304	331	74	35
Seventeenth	173	347	357	51	103	195	330	166	294	64	66	107	82	243	354	115	605	461	185	846	1015	161	35	50
Eighteenth	650	253	137	87	387	249	164	178	968	141	170	82	475	243	354	115	605	461	185	846	1015	161	35	50
Nineteenth	305	344	296	74	142	212	347	161	330	135	85	67	110	241	130	254	230	246	309	244	388	308	88	29
Twentieth	210	664	526	68	118	298	623	249	331	172	127	80	70	268	171	409	130	184	601	328	352	550	150	29
Twenty-first	137	509	449	52	80	121	381	108	136	81	157	71	52	140	111	357	94	137	353	205	199	409	94	22
Twenty-second	260	375	371	57	163	378	418	337	509	130	168	92	116	377	148	295	208	207	350	477	529	362	99	20
Twenty-third	210	258	224	72	130	158	285	114	333	109	75	65	165	139	130	188	201	262	218	258	303	239	70	55
Grand total	6340	6699	5782	1220	3730	5840	5451	5274	2509	2112	1679	3083	3289	2651	4581	6186	5592	5809	8132	10512	5647	1626	616	

\* All candidates, under the law, ran as non-partisan. Those marked by an asterisk were the candidates running under Social-Democratic recommendation.

sical comedies, have entered burlesque and are the principals. Miss Clyde Darrow, a winsome prima donna, is at the head of the female contingent. Besides the usual burlettas, the Knickerbocker Burlesquers present five big vaudeville acts.

### CRYSTAL.

The headline attraction at the Crystal next week will be Frederic Rowley and his Cathedral Choir of twenty voices, selected from local church choirs. This act with special

stage settings will be the largest singing act in vaudeville. Barry and Mildred will present a comedy sketch, Hayes and Wynne in a dancing act, the Eileen Sisters in an acrobatic wire walking act, Harry Van Bosson



## Town Topics by the Town Crier

Non-party voting is a rank humbug, and a swindle upon the voter.

By the way, under the law Mr. Schneider is no longer an alderman. If he sits in Monday's meeting and helps to make any ordinances it will render them invalid.

If J. A. Bayliss were back in bloody Hingland these days we fear he would be freely regarded as a blooming hass, don't cher know!

By the way, the crowded street cars are the great distributing points for germs of both high and low degree. If there is anything in disease contagion, the crowded street car ought certainly to be reckoned a chief ally of the grim reaper.

The city of Ottawa, Canada, made a profit of \$17,000 on its municipal light plant the past year. The number of citizens using the light trebled in three years. The people get cheap light and clean light and escape the private corporation octopus.

The Milwaukee and Northern interurban people want a new right of way to the Lindwurm park. This might be a good time to say to the Northern people "First meet your obligation with the city to put Fifth street in order, as you agreed to." Of course, our neglectful board of public works is principally to blame for the manner in which the Northern people escaped

## Specials in Knit Underwear

Women's Knit Umbrella Drawers with wide torchon lace bottom—also Ankle and Tight Knee Drawers in open and closed styles—a 35c quality, Monday.... **25c**  
Women's Fine Cotton Light-Weight Vests with high neck and long sleeves, some with short sleeves, the best 25c grade, Monday.... **19c**

## Basement Offerings in House and Garden Needs and China

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES FOR WELL KNOWN HIGH-GRADE MERCHANDISE



**Rogers' Floor Stain**, per can up from.... **15c**



**Glass Sanitary Towel Bars**.... **10c**



**Wood Back Window Cleaning Brushes**.... **29c**



**Complete Outfit** **39c**



**Globe Screen Enamel**, Monday's price, can, **18c**



**No. 2 Shingling Hatchets**, **25c**



**Pruning Shears** **25c**



**Galvanized Poultry Netting** by the roll, square foot..... **2c**



**A special brand of American Clothes Wringers** for..... **\$1.39**



**Flower and Vegetable Seeds**, per package..... **1c**



**75c Willow Clothes Baskets** **49c**



**Hardy Holland Rose Bushes**, 30 varieties, **2 for 25c**

**100-Piece Haviland China Dinner Set**, dainty floral decorations, all coin gold trimmed, the regular \$25.00 value—for Monday.... **\$15.00**

**2 Qt. Dutch Jugs**; a handsome, highly glazed and decorated Jug, will go on Monday for.... **10c**

**Strong, Well Made Steel Riveted Hoes**, Monday at.... **19c**

**Malleable Iron Garden Rakes**, Monday at.... **18c**

**Garden Trowel**..... **3c**

**JUST WHAT YOU'RE LOOKING FOR—** Nickel Plated Sleeve Iron—detachable iron and wood handles with cloth covered hardwood double sleeve board. A complete outfit for ironing shirtwaists, laces, embroideries, baby clothes, flounces and ruffles of all kinds. Board and iron complete Monday for.... **39c**

## DAVIDSON

COMING SUNDAY—ALL WEEK  
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday

Henry W. Savage Offers

## "THE MERRY WIDOW"

The Operatic Hit of the World.

Prices—\$2.00, \$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c

NEXT—JOHN DREW in "Jack Straw"

Monday, April 10th  
Testimonial to Treasurer W. C. Schell

## BIJOU

Beginning SUNDAY  
MAYNIE (Matinees  
Wednesday and Sat.)

See P. Stinson's Big, Spectacular

## UNCLE TOM'S CABIN

Traveling in a Special Train  
80—MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN—80  
Hass Band and Orchestra.

SPECIAL Matinees Easter Monday  
and Friday—Admission, Reserved  
Seats, 10c and 20c

Week Begin'g Sunday Mat., April 10  
The Distinguished Tragedian

## THOMAS SHEA

In Three Great Plays.

## MAJESTIC

ALWAYS THE BEST SHOWS

**MABEL HITE and MIKE DONLIN**  
REDPATH NAPAÑEES  
CLAUDE & FANNY USHER  
VIOLET KING  
CASTELLANE & BRO.  
LEON ROJKE  
McNISH & PENFOLD  
COCKLE & KINLEY  
THE KINODROME

Bargain Mat.

Every Week Day

10c

25c

35c

Night Prices

10-12-30-50-75

## ALHAMBRA

ALL NEXT WEEK  
MATINEE DAILY

THE VANDYKE-EATON COMPANY

The Land of the Midnight Sun

Special Photogenic—Eaton McConnell  
ATTRACTION, Illustrated Double

MATINEE 10c | EVERY NIGHT 10c

putting the street back in as good condition as it was found; but, as the board of public works is a hopeless Rose affair, the people will have to take advantage of every chance to bring the company back to time on their own hook.

We notice that certain individuals just now are actively writing letters to the daily press on current matters without signing their own names. Let certain of these individuals throw off their masks and the people would laugh indeed, so clear would appear their interest in the subject-matter of their "disinterested" letters.

Right well does one of the Milwaukee school principals speak out, when he says:

"It is a downright shame that, small cities throughout the state have free textbooks, Milwaukee has not yet gotten them. They are general in the large cities of the East. Our school board has long been hampered by lack of funds."

T. J. Neacy told the committee at Madison that Chief Janssen told him on the train going out that if he knew of any member of the police force contributing one cent toward the effort to get the men the right of hearing he would cut off his head instantly. Yet Chief Janssen tries to tell Milwaukeeans that the men in the two departments have the right of trial now!

Wisconsin has a governor who has been caught red handed. Other states have governors who haven't happened to be found out, but we have not so much luck. And few, we guess, take much stock in Davidson's explanation that he put the game wardens' money in the bank ready to be returned when he "got a chance." It is easy to make up the amount now that exposure has come and represent it as the original money.

Chief Janssen seems to feel that cowardice is the better part of valor in the face of Mr. Neacy's sharp letter in last Sunday's *Free Press*. In that letter direct charges are made reflecting upon the chief, but the latter evidently prefers to avoid meeting the issue and hopes the public will forget it. But how can the public fail to notice when a very loud agitation against the fire and police bill suddenly loses its breath the moment the other side really speaks out without reserve?

Public spirited citizens would do well to get the neat little pamphlet just issued by the Milwaukee Sanatorium for Tuberculosis Association and read it carefully. That the great white plague, the disease heretofore supposed to be incurable, has now been reached is one of the great achievements of this present century. And fresh air is the principal medicine employed! The sanatorium was started some time after the tuberculosis exhibit was held here, and can now show remarkable results. A long list of cases, by number, is given, showing time in the hospital and the course for better or for worse of the disease. Here and there are cases that made no improvement, probably because taken in hand too late, or where the constitutional conditions were unfavorable; but, as against these, are very many showing with the report of "disease cured," or "disease improved," or "improving" written after them. People should be made to understand that consumption be-

comes incurable only in the very last stages and that they should seek a cure before it is too late. Unfortunately, consumption is a working class disease, a bread earner with a family of dear ones dependent upon him will stay at his job until the grave finally yawns at his feet, because he can scarcely do any differently. Friends should intervene in such cases and help to save a human life.

In Manitowoc the elements that normally divide up and pretend to be opposed to each other, as Republicans and Democrats, threw off the mask this year in the face of the Socialist strength in the community, and all flocked into one camp, for fear the city might go Social-Democratic. Even then the corporations back of the move were not sure, and so, to make the situation more favorable to their side, began a campaign that was enough to disgust really decent people—a campaign of booze calculated to hasten the coming of prohibition by many years. Beer, wine and whisky almost ran in the gutters. And the thing worked, for the old party managers knew how thin was the veneer of respectability of the so-called respectable class—for that class joined in the game of debauchery with enthusiasm and helped vote in the one capitalist party candidate for mayor by something over 300 majority.

### "MAN, THE SOCIAL CREATOR."

A large and enthusiastic audience gathered at Ethical Hall last Sunday night. It is a common assertion that the lectures grow better as they go on. The recitation by Miss Bochart was inspiring, and the singing by Mrs. Welch much appreciated by the audience.

Next Sunday evening Mr. Emil Ingold will sing, accompanied by Miss Mildred Stewart. The subject of the lecture will be "Man, the Social Creator." Come and bring your friends.

### LIVE SUBJECTS DISCUSSED.

On Tuesday, April, Rose M. Perdue, state factory inspector, will speak on "Labor Legislation, and the Difficulty of Enforcing it before Christian Social Economics Society," at the Sherman M. E. church, corner Eleventh and Sherman streets. Admission 15 cents.

### LATE RETURNS

Manitowoc now has eight Social-Democratic officials.

Two Rivers elected two Social-Democrats; an alderman and a supervisor.

Sturgeon Bay, Wis.—Social-Democratic candidates for aldermen received 160 votes at Tuesday's election, twice as many as were cast one year ago. In the Second ward Comrade Wagner came within 17 of being elected alderman, receiving 66 votes, to 83 for his opponent. In the same ward Comrade Allen received 50 votes for school commissioner to 64 for his opponent. In the Fourth ward Comrade Hagman received 79 votes, and in the First ward Comrade Fuller received 17.

J. E. Harris.

### GAINING IN RACINE.

Racine—Jacobs (Social-Democrat) for mayor got 1,172 votes.

This is a good gain for our party over the last election, for our vote has doubled. In the Seventh ward

## Queer Things of the Campaign.

It certainly was funny to see droves of Catholic women coming to the polls all over the city armed with the anti-Socialist ballot and going in and under the instruction of their priests, helping to vote in another Socialist. The makers-up of the anti-Socialist ballot did not know, of course, that Mrs. Whitnall was a Social-Democrat, but felt that it would be well to adorn their ticket with her name, considering her splendid services for the schools. They thought it would fool voters into supporting their ticket. But the trick came back upon themselves. It was to laugh!

"It's either Donnelly or a Socialist!" read Donnelly's advertisement in the *Catholic Citizen*. Of course, what he meant was that it would be either a Catholic or a Socialist. Also this respectable non-partisan sent out circulars in English and German, signed by well known church politicians, saying that the Catholics were the bulwark against Socialism and urging them to vote as Catholics on election day. This circular was mailed to all the Catholics possible. And then, irony of fate! the Sheridan scammers for the Catholic vote stationed men at the polls in Catholic districts to tell Catholic voters that "That Donnelly is an A. P. A., and many a vote was thus diverted from him. Dog eat dog—but the only trouble is that one of the little dogs is landed in possession of one of our courts, as a Catholic, for six long years!"

Maybe the Catholic politicians and priests did not strain themselves to try to get Schneider in again! Letters were sent out from the Federation of Catholic Societies (we were told, you know, that the federation would never be used for politics!) begging votes for Schneider, as a Catholic instead of as a fit man for the position of alderman, and signed by the presidents of the various Catholic clubs.

### THE SENTINEL'S EXPLANATION.

Seidel's election is explained by the fact that he received votes of citizens who are not Socialists. He is best described as of the Eugene V. Debs stripe of Socialist, and for this reason has favorably impressed many who have met him, and who do not quite agree with him politically.—*Milwaukee Sentinel*, Apr. 7.

Now we do not at all believe that Seidel has the silk stockings to thank for his election. The sad discrepancy between the Seidel vote and that for our candidates for judges, the latter getting many votes less, is explained by the fact that it was hard voting on a machine on which a hodge-podge of many names confronted the bewildered voter, and that many voted for alderman and then did not get as far as the judge columns, or voted the party lever for Seidel and thought this voted our entire

ticket. Indeed, why should the silk stockings vote for Seidel when they had up the much lauded Meisenheimer whose name was supposed to be music in their ears, or while there was another good Republican, Beehner, ex-comptroller, to vote for? So much for that.

But you will pardon us for calling attention further to the above quotation, for the thing is too rich to pass over. The tolerant reference to the character and personality of Debs is indeed a surprise in a paper which has time and again editorially characterized the self-same Debs as a "frothy agitator," and numerous other specimens of refined billingsgate handily within reach of the hired capitalist editor. Perhaps this time it was merely a slip by which the billingsgate was forgotten and Debs' rationality and virtue testified to.

Jacobs led Horlick by 11 votes. The comrades are feeling fine, especially as there were but two tickets in the field, and it was a clear line-up between the Socialists and the forces of political capitalism.

FOUR SOCIALISTS ELECTED.  
The Social-Democrats of Brantford, Ont., have elected four Socialists.

Tuesday elected two supervisors, H. J. Sandquist and Alex Rosi; town clerk, Carl J. Sandquist, and

## Big Corset Bargains 39c

A lot of about 200 will go to the first comers. They are made of a fine linen batiste, have a very long hip, high bust—also some medium busts—we have them to fit any figure—front and side supporters attached, fancy lace trimmed, sizes 18 to 30—a 75c corset, Monday for... **39c**

These went into all the Catholic homes about the city on Tuesday morning so that the recipients of the same would not forget before voting time. Women were also urged to vote for school directors in the interests of the church. Ald. Schneider was very certain of election after this game had been played. "I simply can't lose," he is said to have boasted. But he did not figure that the defenders of the free public school system were also vigilant.

Some time ago a band of sacrificing worshippers started a Danish-Norwegian Lutheran church in the Eleventh Ward, at the corner of Fifth avenue and Orchard street, and gathered together quite a large congregation. Some days before election the pastor, the Rev. Henry Olsen, undertook to combine politics and religion and made the congregation a political talk in the midst of the service, urging them to support the Republican and Democratic candidates. Evidently he mistook the people he was talking to for up rose one of the pillars of the church and challenged the pastor's statements. He made a reply to the pastor that took the latter's breath away, and the reverend gentleman pounded the pulpit and begged him to sit down, but without avail. "My dear sir," pleaded the pastor, "please sit down, I—"

"No," said the irate pillar of the church, "You began this, and now I propose to tell the people what Socialism is. I didn't start it, you did. If Jesus was anything he was a Socialist, and you tell us to vote against the party of the people!" And so on. There were murmurs of applause, and the poor pastor was forced to stand and listen to a full quarter hour's lecture from the pew, a thing he had himself started but could not stop. When the pillar of the church concluded there were

At nearly all the Catholic churches of the city the anti-Socialist ticket slips were given out and at some were even placed in the pews. While in most parishes the Catholic women were urged to get out and vote, in some of the Polish churches the priests urged the women to stay away—perhaps because some of them intended to vote the Socialist ticket. At the church at 16th and Mitchell the priest told the women that if they voted for Social-Democrats it would be equal to sacrifice their religion. The whole spectacle of priestly interference in politics was discreditable. Formerly the priests only attempted to divinate in politics in the case of the Polish men, seeming to feel that men of that nationality could be handled the easiest! This time the priests sought to add the priest-ridden women all over the city to the same level of controlled voters, and even some school teachers fell in line. And, by the way, please note that every daily in Milwaukee kept from the people all reference to the activity of the priests and Catholic women on election day. This gives you a line on your daily paper.

Never again! Never again will the Social-Democratic party consent to go through a city campaign with an expense limit of \$300. It was not fair to the party, it was not fair to the great human cause we represent. Big things cannot be done on "small potatoes" lines. Ours is not a gum shoe party, and it must make a direct and a vigorous fight in every campaign it enters upon. Never in the history of our party in Milwaukee were we in the ridiculous position of trying to put up a campaign on such an inadequate amount of money for literature. Never again!

### Milwaukee Maennerchor

30th Concert  
11th Season

### Pabst Theater

TUESDAY, APRIL 13, 1909

8:10 P.M.

With STEINDEL TRIO

Seats \$1.00, 50c, 25c

## NEW COLUMBIA

Eleventh and  
Vernon Streets

OPENS

Saturday Eve'g, April 10

WITH AN

VAUDEVILLE

All-Star Bill of

7 Big Acts 7

Two Performances Every Evening, 7:45 and 9:15. Matinees Saturday and Sunday.

PRICES

5c 10c 15c

### THE NEW STAR

Commencing Sunday, April 11

### The Rollickers

In a Laugh-Producing and Sparkling

Performance

B. DUNNE GOGGE & CO.

and an All-Star Cast Headed by

N. S. JEROME and J. S. MILLER

New Prices—Matinees 10-15-25c; Evenings, 10-15-25c—Not Any Higher.

### GAYETY

Leading  
Circus-Style  
Theatre

TOMORROW—ONE WEEK

### KNICKERBOCKER

BURLESQUERS

FIELDS and WOOLLEY

THE GIN IN GOLD

In New Wonderful  
ATYSTIAN DANCE

One of the Biggest and BEST SHOWS  
on the "Fastest Wheel"

## EMPIRE THEATRE

Week Commencing April 10

### AZALEA

In the World Famous

Chimerical Dance

Creation and Illusion

5—OTHER ACTS—5

CRISTAL

WEEK OF APRIL 12

### FREDERIC ROWLEY

and His Cathedral Choir

Admission 10c

Reserve Seats 20c